END-USER DEVELOPMENT IN THE INTERNET OF THINGS



Automatic	Musaic	ACLU	Whirlpool Refrigerator	MyQ	Noon Home
Stringify	MyWakes	tc Total Connect 2.0	BUCKY Bucky	ALBERTO MONG SUPERVISOR: FULV	
TESCO	Tailwind	Samsung Refrigerator	SSG Smart	GarageWiFi & Gates	
POLITECNICO DI TORINO				e-Lite https://elite.polito.it	

The Internet of Things is a recognized paradigm that already helps society in many different ways, through applications ranging in scope from the individual to the planetary

Vint Cerf and Max Senges, Google Research

A COMPLEX NETWORK OF PHYSICAL AND **VIRTUAL** ENTITIES THAT CAN BE **PERSONALIZED** ON THE BASIS OF OUR PERSONAL NEEDS

END USERS CAN PROGRAM THE IOT THROUGH **TRIGGER-ACTION** RULES



IF THE SURVEILLANCE CAMERA RECOGNIZES ME THEN TURN ON THE SMART THERMOSTAT

> IF I PUBLISH A POST ON FACEBOOK THEN SHARE IT ON TWITTER



IF-THEN RULE

if **Ethisthen** that

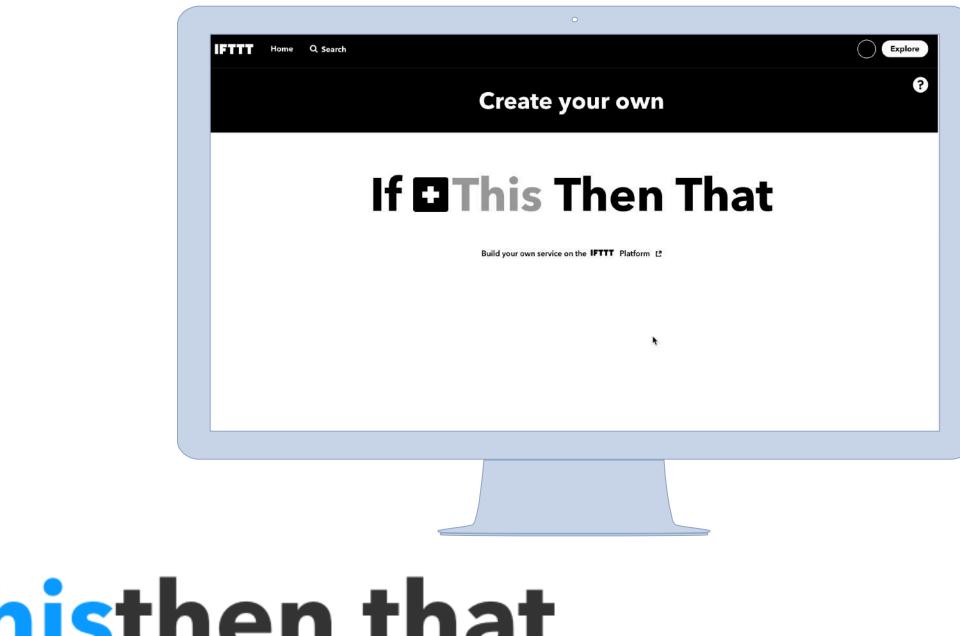
TRIGGER

- 1. Connected Entity Selection
- 2. Trigger Selection
- 3. Trigger Details

4. Connected Entity Selection

ACTION

- 5. Action Selection
- 6. Action Details



if **Contract States** if **Contract** if **Contract States** if **Contract States** is a state of the state of the states of the states

Harris States - Adams

LOW LEVEL OF ABSTRACTION



LOW LEVEL OF ABSTRACTION

INFORMATION OVERLOAD



LOW LEVEL OF ABSTRACTION

INFORMATION OVERLOAD

RUN-TIME PROBLEMS

RESEARCH GOAL

Assisting end users in easily and efficiently **personalizing** the **functionality** of their connected entities.

The main goal is to simplify the **definition** of IF-THEN rules.



1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**

EUPont

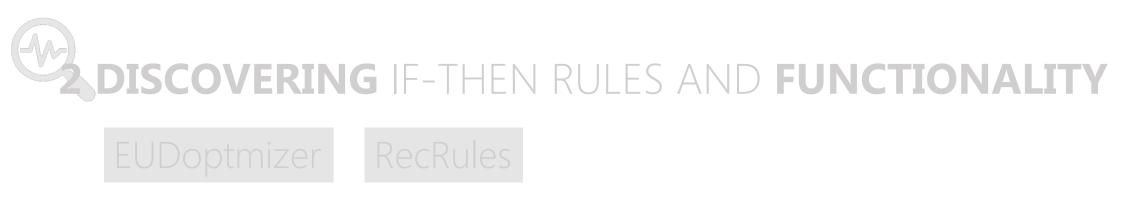


3 DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT **DEFINITION TIME**

SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle

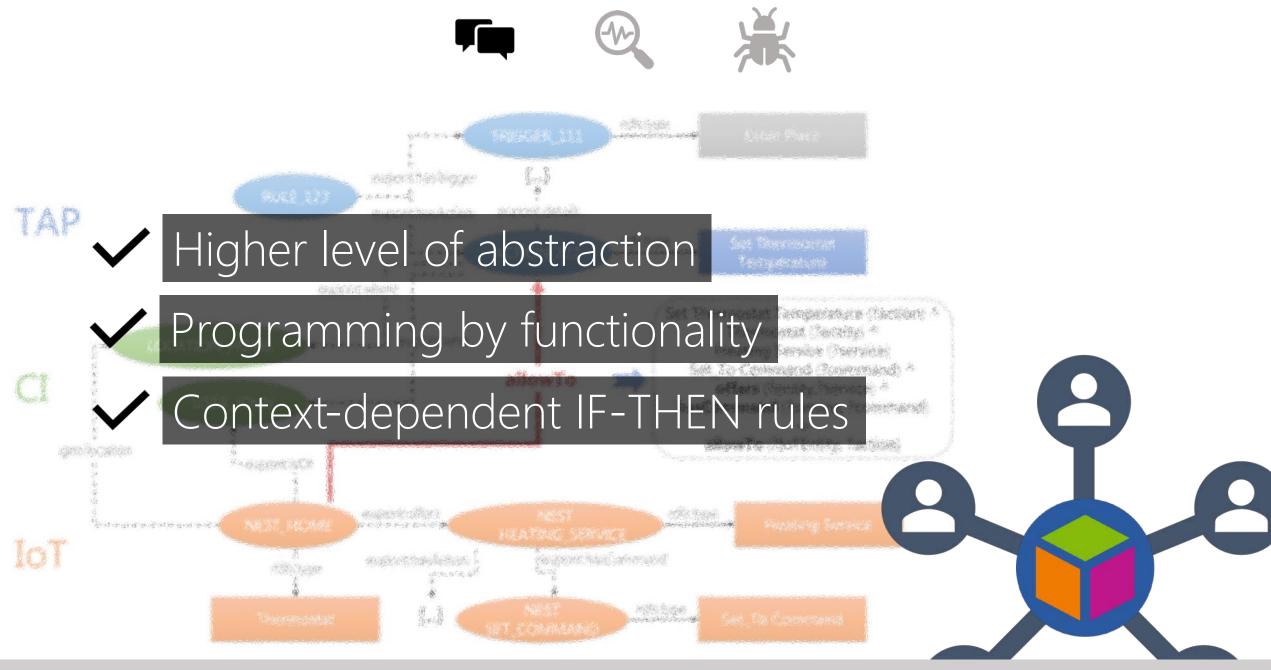
1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**

EUPont



DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT DEFINITION TIME

SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle

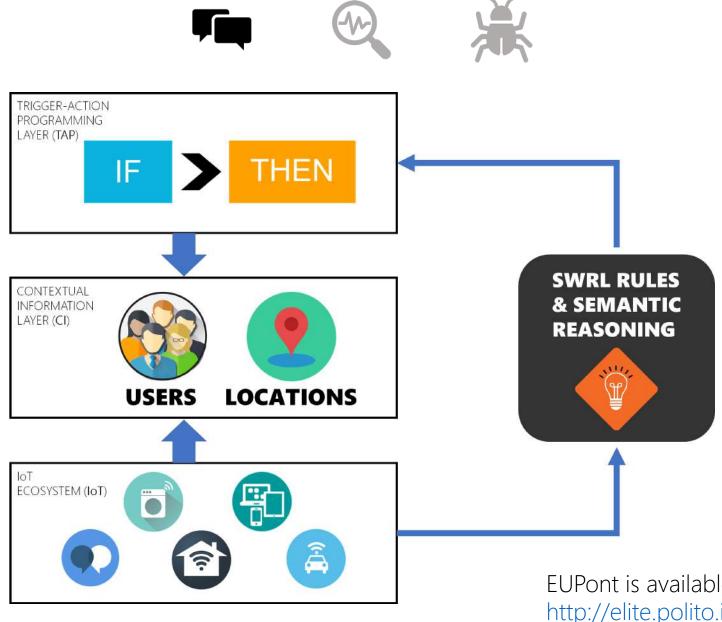




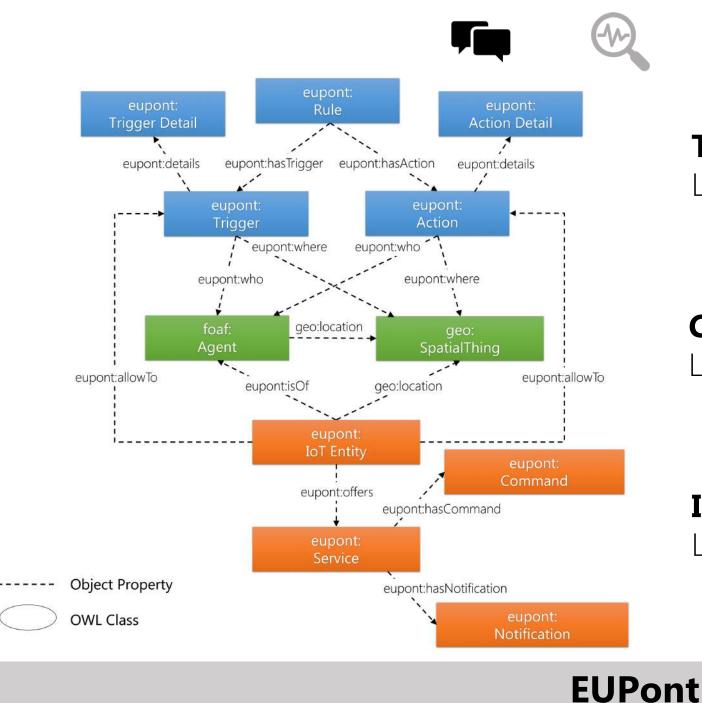
IF

I enter an indoor location, **THEN**

set its temperature to 20 Celsius degree



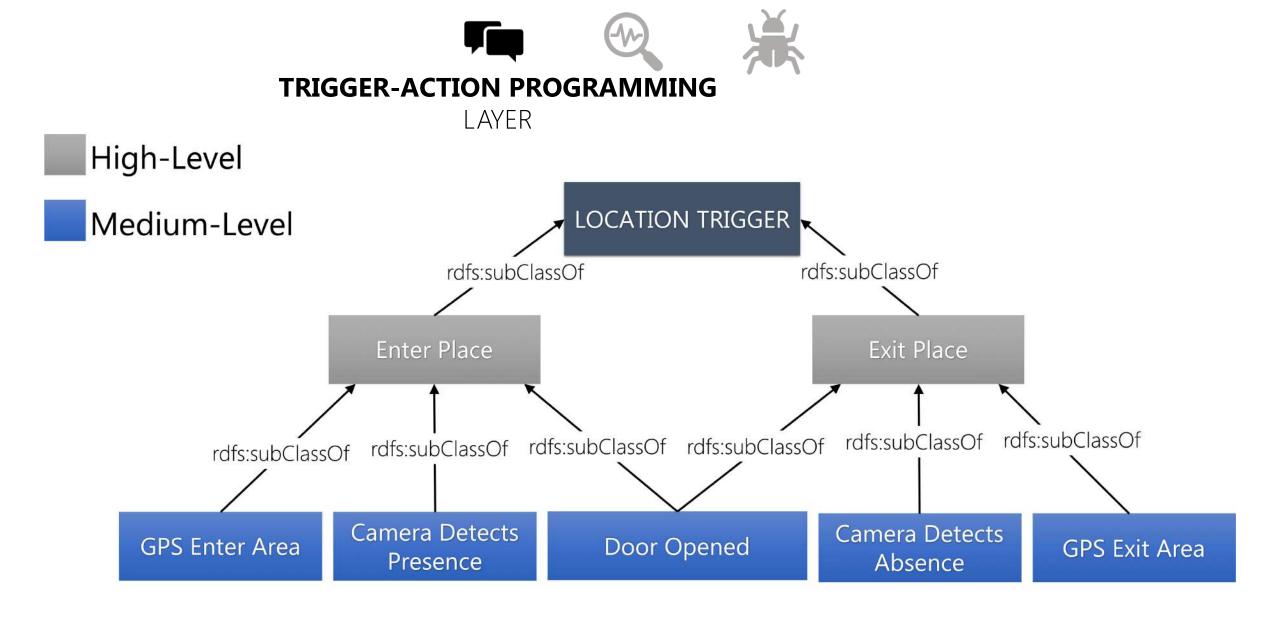
EUPont is available at http://elite.polito.it/ontologies/eupont.owl

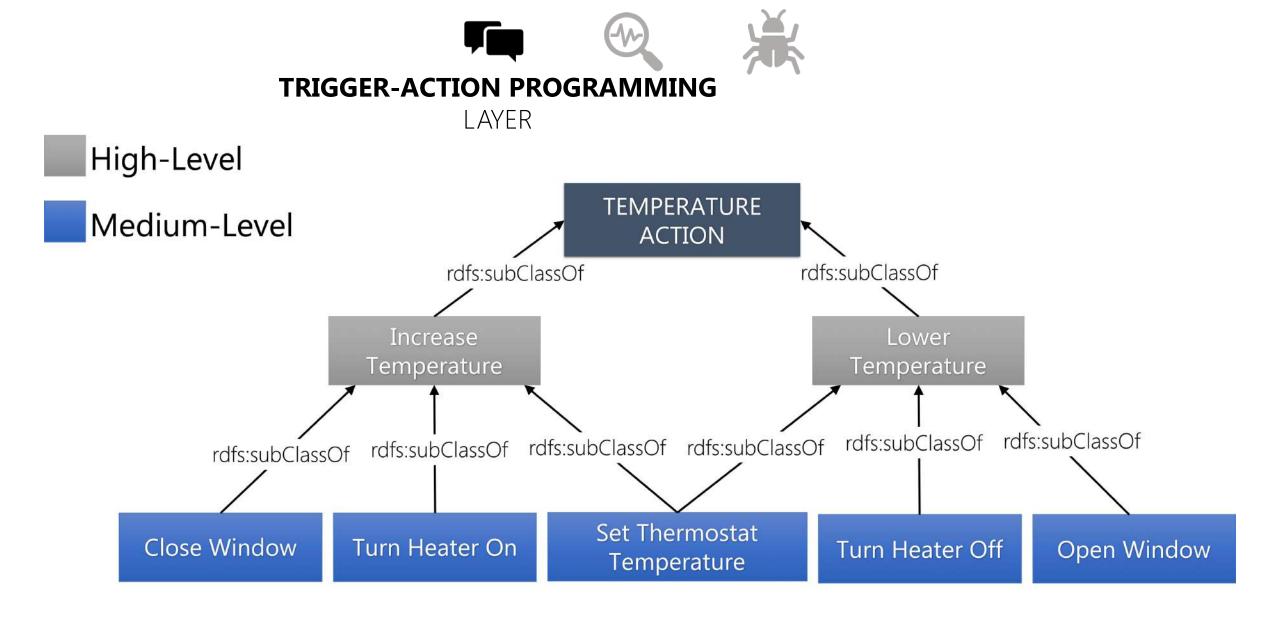


TRIGGER-ACTION PROGRAMMING LAYER

CONTEXTUAL INFORMATION LAYER









USER STUDY





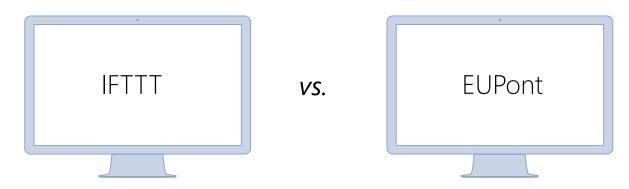
USER STUDY

Does the **EUPont** representation help users **define** their IF-THEN rules more **effectively** and **efficiently** compared with the IFTTT representation?



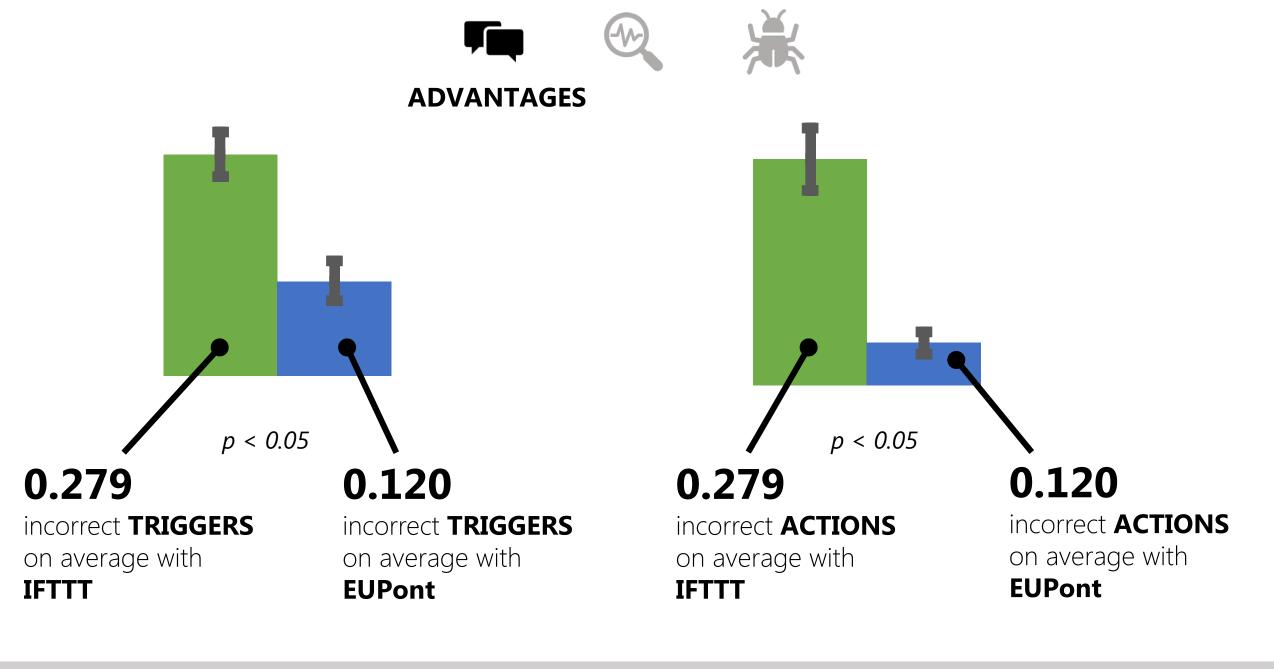
5 TASKS: Scenario + Goal

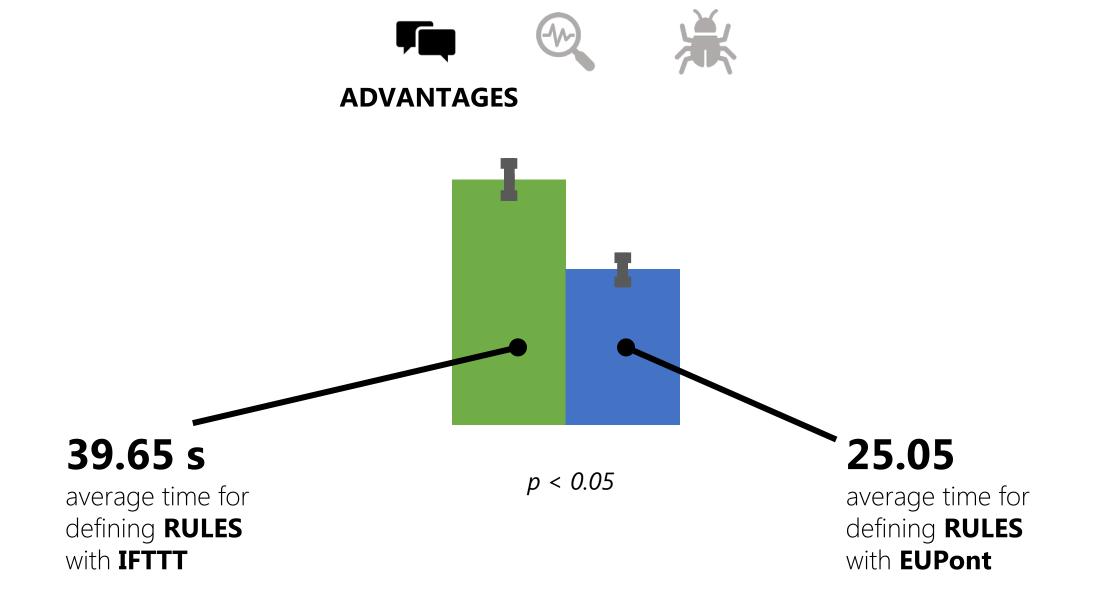
2 INTERFACES





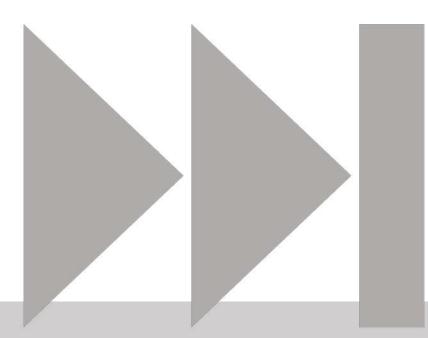
The **EUPont** representation allows end users to avoid **errors** and to **reduce** the **time** needed to define their IF-THEN rules.







Moving towards a **higher** level of abstraction is promising but poses **new challenges**





Adapting **Contexts**

Preferred **Level** of **Abstraction**

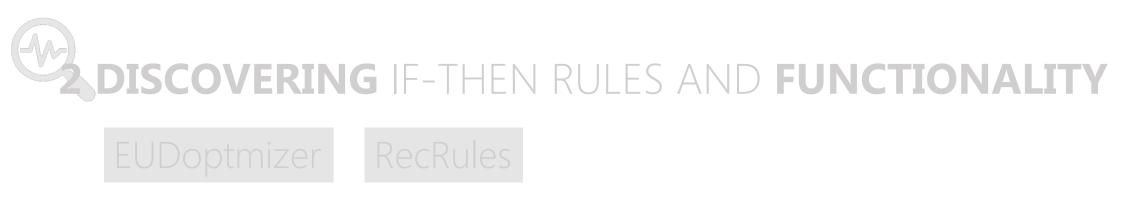
Security, and Privacy

How can we decide how to reproduce abstract behaviors? Which level of abstraction do users prefer?

Can we execute abstract behavior by preserving security and privacy?

1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**

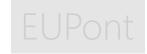
EUPont



DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT DEFINITION TIME

SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle

1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**

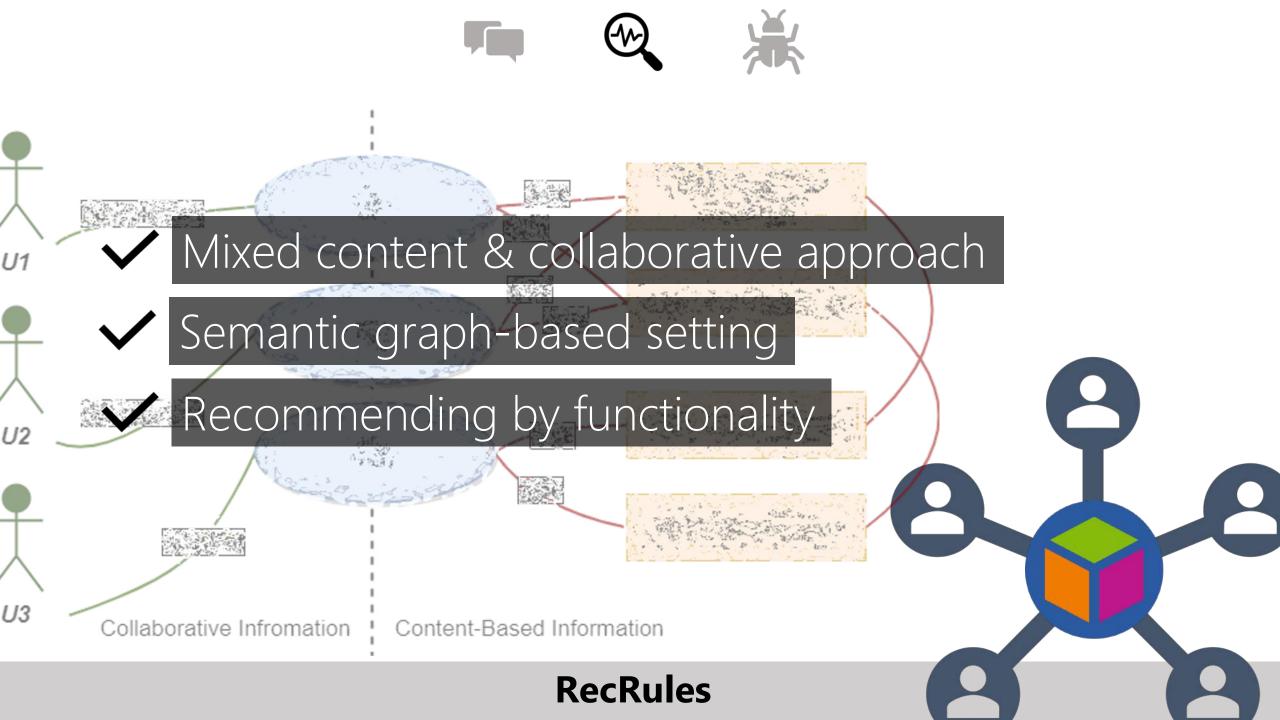




EUDoptmizer RecRules

DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT DEFINITION TIME

SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle









IF Every day at Time: 18:00 PM **THEN Set** temperature on the Nest Thermostat Device: home_thermostat Temperature: 22 works with 🕒 🧿

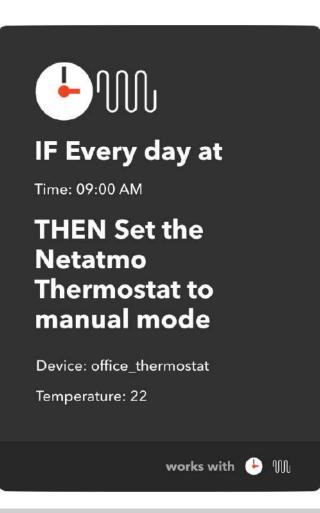
IF Every day at

Time: 18:00 PM

THEN Set temperature on the Nest Thermostat

Device: home_thermostat Temperature: 22



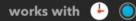


IF Every day at

Time: 18:00 PM

THEN Set temperature on the Nest Thermostat

Device: home_thermostat Temperature: 22





IF Every day at

Time: 09:00 AM

THEN Set the Netatmo Thermostat to manual mode

Device: office_thermostat Temperature: 22

RecRules

works with 🕒 🕦



IF Every day at

Time: 18:00 PM

THEN Turn off the Netatmo Thermostat

Device: office_thermostat

works with 🔸 🐘

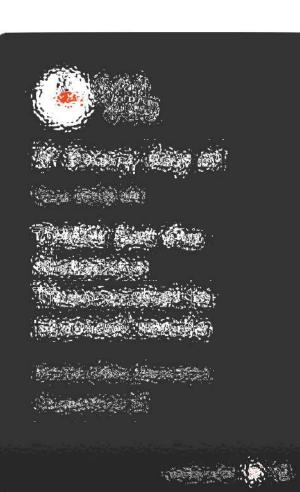


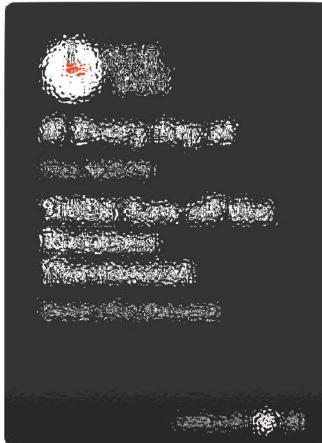


THEN Set Temperature on the WeMo Heater

Device: bathroom_heater Temperature: 22

works with 😲 🧮







PERSONALIZING THE TEMPERATURE WHEN I'M GOING TO USE AN INDOOR PLACE

V

IF You enter an area

Location: home

THEN Set Temperature on the WeMo Heater

Device: bathroom_heater Temperature: 22 1

IF You exit an area

Location: work

THEN Set operation mode on Samsung Air Conditioner

Device: airconditioner_system_office Mode: Away

works with 🔺 🚦

кескијеѕ

works with 😲 🔚

PERSONALIZING THE TEMPERATURE WHEN I'M GOING TO USE AN INDOOR PLACE

•

IF You enter an area

Location: home

THEN Set Temperature on the WeMo Heater

Device: bathroom_heater Temperature: 22 IF You exit an area

Location: work

THEN Set operation mode on Samsung Air Conditioner

Device: airconditioner_system_office Mode: Away

IF The Nest Cam recognizes me

Device: entrance_nestcam

THEN Open the SmartThings window

Device: kitchen_window

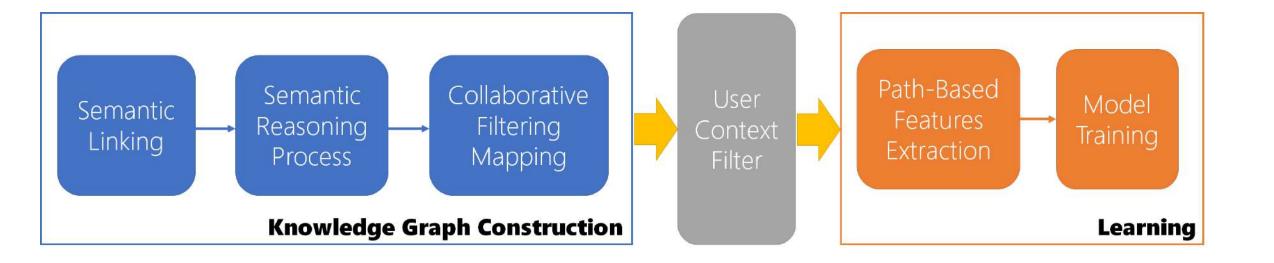
works with 🥊 🔘

works with 😲 🔚

works with 🔺 🚦

кескијеѕ



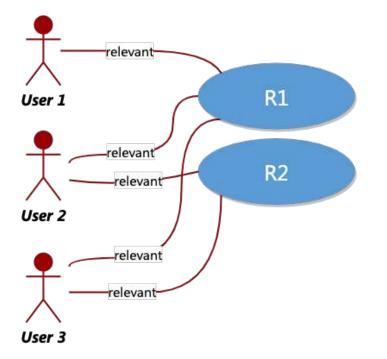




R1 IF the kitchen Nest Cam recognizes me **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp

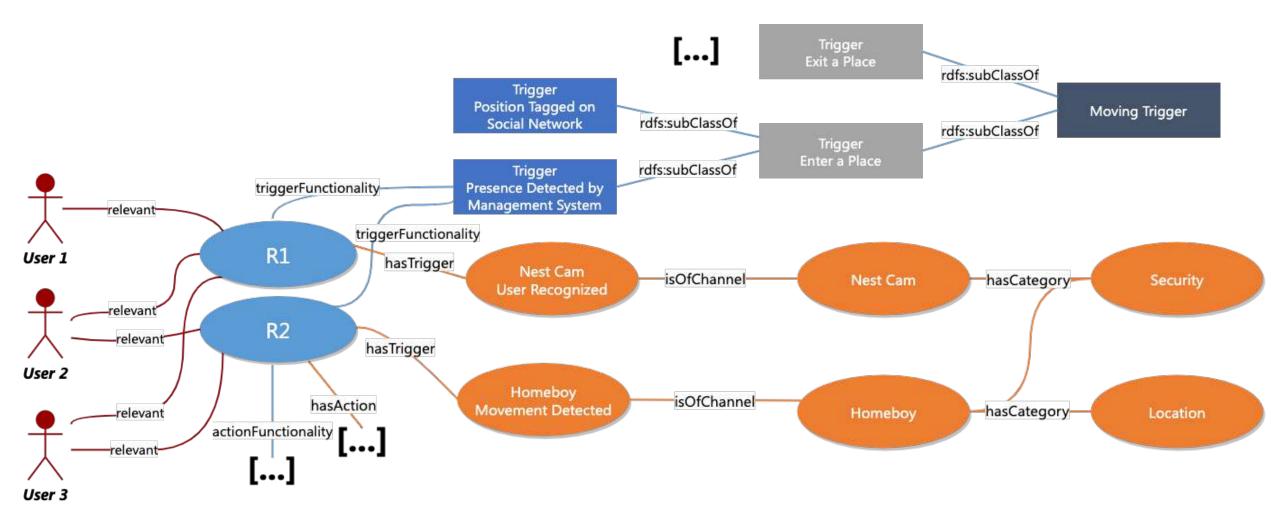
IF the living room Homeboy Cam detects a movement THEN open the Hunter Douglas blinds R2







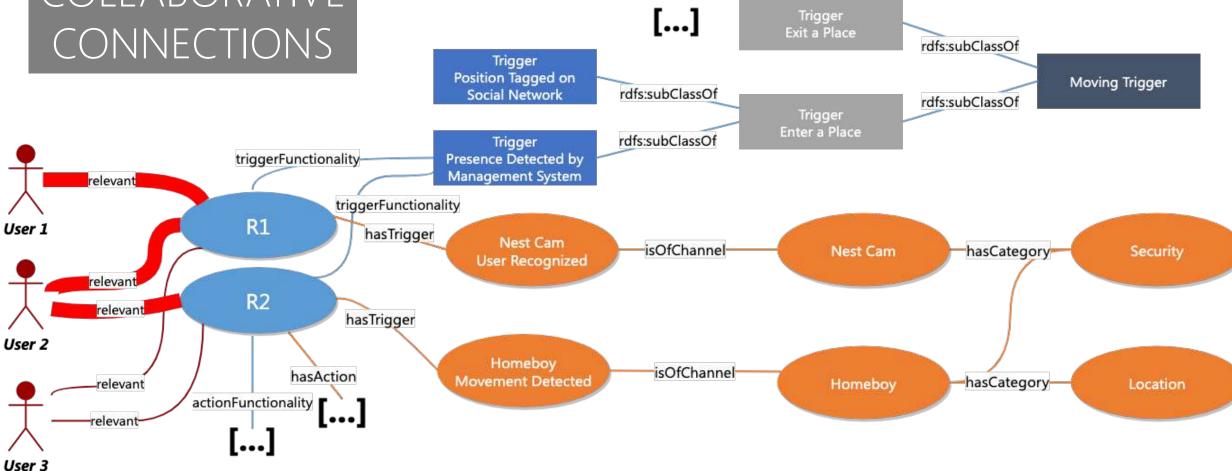
KNOWLEDGE GRAPH





FEATURES EXTRACTION

COLLABORATIVE CONNECTIONS





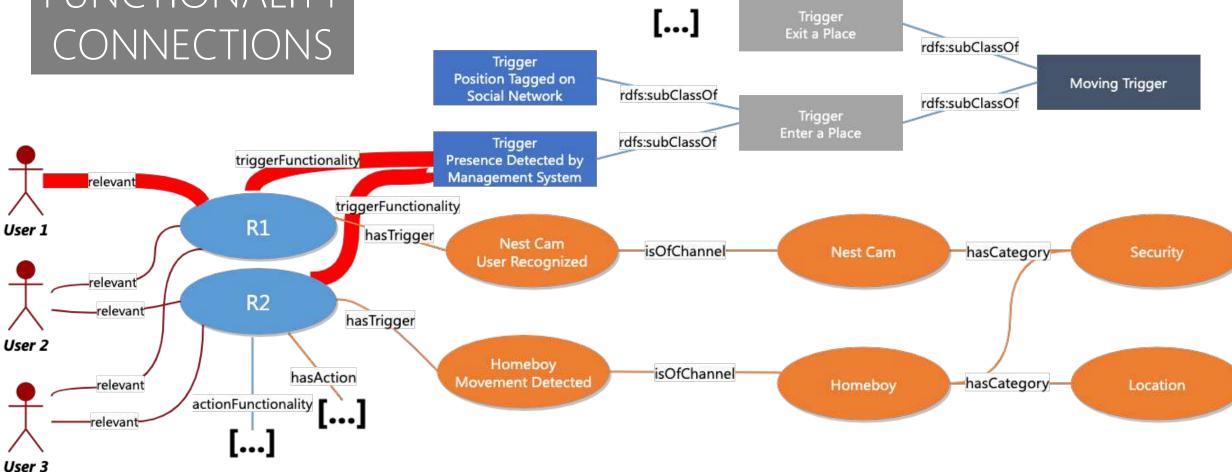
FEATURES EXTRACTION

TECHNOLOGY [...] Trigger CONNECTIONS Exit a Place rdfs:subClassOf Trigger Position Tagged on **Moving Trigger** rdfs:subClassOf Social Network rdfs:subClassOf Trigger Enter a Place rdfs:subClassOf Trigger triggerFunctionality-Presence Detected by Management System relevant triggerFunctionality **R1** User 1 hasTrigger Nest Cam isOfChannel Nest Cam hasCategory Security User Recognized relevant **R2** relevant hasTrigger User 2 Homeboy isOfChannel hasAction relevant Movement Detected hasCategory Homeboy Location actionFunctionality relevant [...] [...] User 3



FEATURES EXTRACTION

FUNCTIONALITY CONNECTIONS





POINTWISE

PAIRWISE

Pointwise approaches look at a single instance at a time, and transform the ranking problem into a regression or a classification one

Pairwise approaches look at a pair of instances at a time and try to find out their optimal ordering.

LISTWISE

Listwise approaches directly look at the entire list of instances, and they try to produce the optimal ordering by minimizing a loss function.

RANDOM FOREST

Breiman et al.

RANKBOOST

Freund et al.

RecRules

LAMBDAMART

Wu et al.



To what extent the the **different** types of path-based **features** influence the recommendation **accuracy**?

Does RecRules **outperform** state-of-the-art **recommendation systems** in suggesting IF-THEN rules?



FEATURES

Algorithm		prec@5	rec@5	nDCG@5	prec@10	rec@10	nDCG@10
Random	CT	0.1077	0.2090	0.4920	0.0772	0.2901	0.5830
Forest	CTF	0.1211	0.2177	0.5054	0.0813	0.3019	0.6452
Rank	CT	0.0743	0.1309	0.4558	0.0570	0.1998	0.5515
Boost	CTF	0.0967	0.1894	0.4861	0.0660	0.2536	0.5753
Lambda	CT	0.0900	0.1918	0.4884	0.0633	0.2589	0.5756
Mart	CTF	0.1115	0.2123	0.4893	0.0858	0.2941	0.5754

CT configuration: *C*ollaborative and *T*echnology features *CTF* configuration: *C*ollaborative, *T*echnology, and *F*unctionality features





COMPARISON

	prec@5	rec@5	nDCG@5	prec@10	rec@10	nDCG@10
RecRules	0.1211	0.2177	0.5054	0.0813	0.3019	0.6452
Item-KNN	0.0847	0.1807	0.1939	0.0514	0.2383	0.2095
User-KNN	0.0961	0.2103	0.2410	0.0520	0.2277	0.2419
$\mathbf{SMR} \ \mathbf{MF}$	0.0760	0.1716	0.1942	0.0452	0.2019	0.1905
BPR-MF	0.1085	0.1898	0.2082	0.0664	0.2148	0.2131
BPR-SLIM	0.1110	0.1976	0.2224	0.0616	0.2200	0.2216
\mathbf{WRMF}	0.1155	0.2045	0.2228	0.0618	0.2217	0.2223
LS SLIM	0.1105	0.1970	0.2196	0.0604	0.2158	0.2229
IA KNN	0.0273	0.0845	0.2398	0.0207	0.1302	0.2357
BPR-Linear	0.0504	0.1708	0.2957	0.0356	0.2383	0.2890
EGE	0.0975	0.1918	0.4728	0.0656	0.2467	0.5625

We compared RecRules with state-of-the-art recommendation algorithms



COMPARISON

	prec@5	rec@5	nDCG@5	prec@10	rec@10	nDCG@10
RecRules	0.1211	0.2177	0.5054	0.0813	0.3019	0.6452
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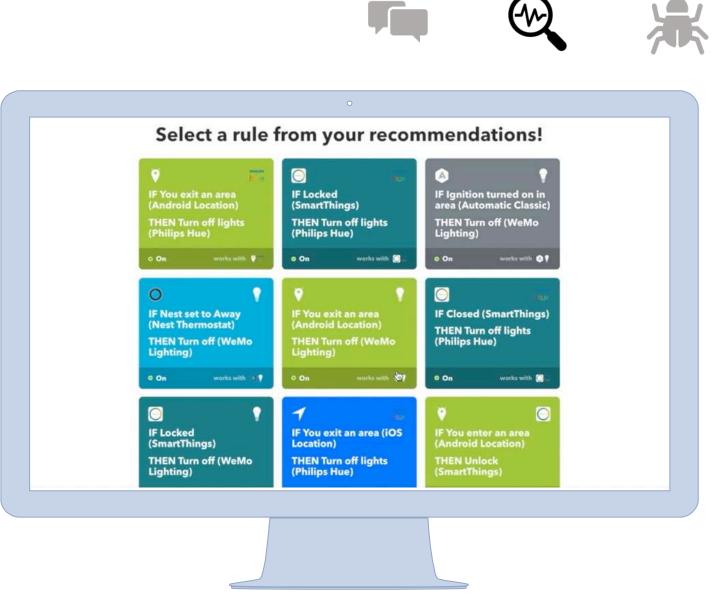
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COMPARISON

	prec@5	rec@5	nDCG@5	prec@10	rec@10	nDCG@10
RecRules	0.1211	0.2177	0.5054	0.0813	0.3019	0.6452
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We compared RecRules with state-of-the-art recommendation algorithms

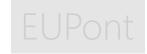


Fulvio Corno, Luigi De Russis, Alberto Monge Roffarello

TAPrec: Supporting the Composition of Trigger-Action Rules Through Dynamic Recommendations

IUI '20

1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**





EUDoptmizer RecRules

DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT DEFINITION TIME

SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle



3 DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT **DEFINITION TIME**

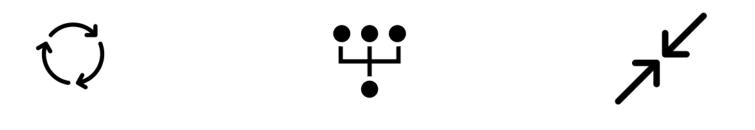
EUDoptmizer RecRules

DISCOVERING IF-THEN RULES AND FUNCTIONALITY



MOVING TOWARDS A HIGH-LEVEL OF ABSTRACTION





Loops

Redundancies

Inconsistencies

SCPN



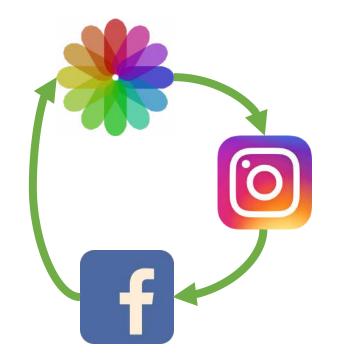




IF I post a photo on Facebook **THEN** save it on my iOS library

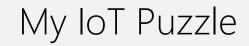
IF I add a new photo on my iOS **THEN** post it on Instagram

IF I post a photo on Instagram **THEN** post it on Facebook



SCPN

EUDebug

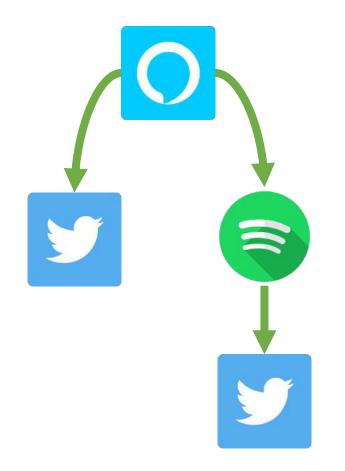




IF I play a new song on my Alexa **THEN** post a tweet on Twitter

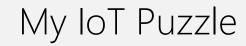
IF I play a new song on my Alexa **THEN** save the track on Spotify

IF I save a track on Spotify **THEN** post a tweet on Twitter



SCPN

EUDebug



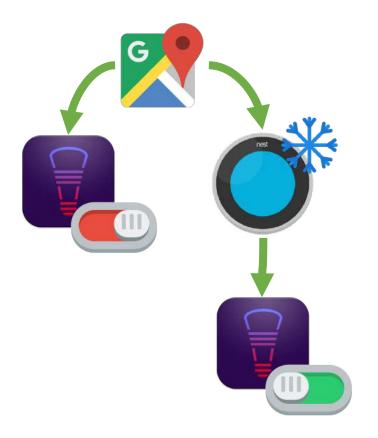


EUDebug

IF I exit home **THEN** turn off the Philips Hue lamp

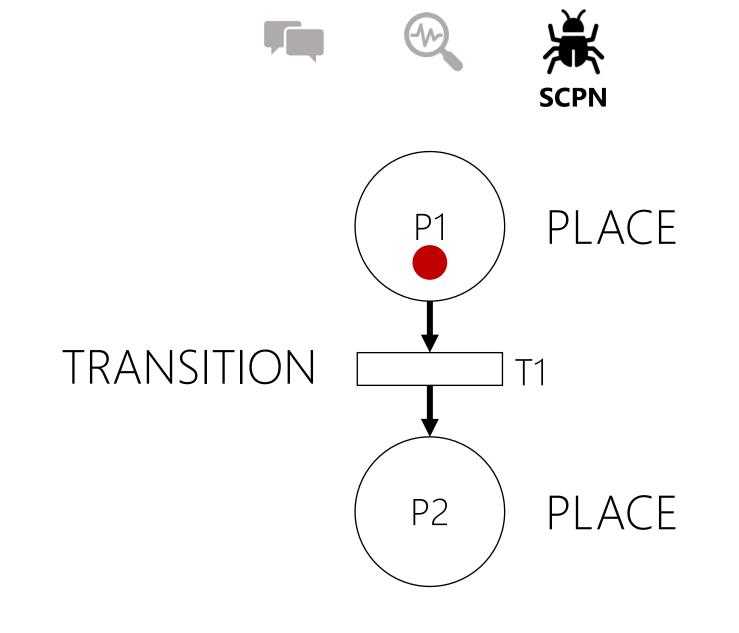
IF I exit home **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode

IF the Nest is set to Away Mode **THEN** turn on the Philips Hue lamp



My IoT Puzzle

SCPN



My IoT Puzzle

SCPN

EUDebug

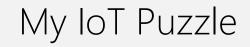


R1 IF I exit home (T1) **THEN** turn off the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A1)

IF I exit home (T2) **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode (A2)

R3 IF the Nest is set to Away Mode (T3) **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A3)

LUDebug





LUDebug

R1 IF I exit home (T1) **THEN** turn off the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A1)

IF I exit home (T2) **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode (A2)

R3 IF the Nest is set to Away Mode (T3) **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A3)

UNDER DEFINITION

My IoT Puzzle

SCPN



EUDebug

R1 IF I exit home (T1) **THEN** turn off the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A1)

IF I exit home (T2) **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode (A2)

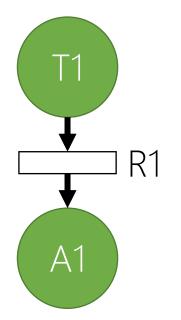
My IoT Puzzle

R3 IF the Nest is set to Away Mode (T3) **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A3)

SCPN



PETRI NETS



T1 = I exit home A1 = turn off the kitchen Hue lamp

SCPN







EUDebug

R1 IF I exit home (T1) **THEN** turn off the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A1)

IF I exit home (T2) **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode (A2)

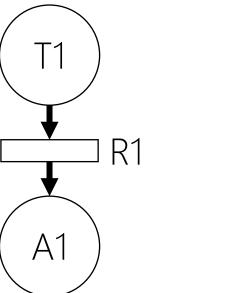
My IoT Puzzle

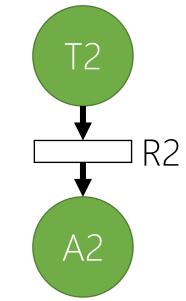
R3 IF the Nest is set to Away Mode (T3) **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A3)

SCPN





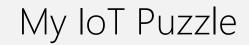




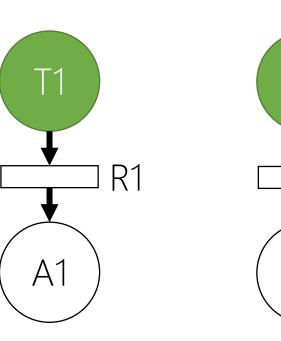
T2 = I exit home A2 = set the Nest to Away mode

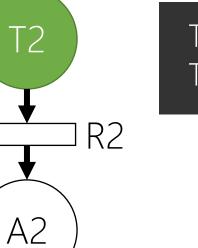
SCPN











EUDebug

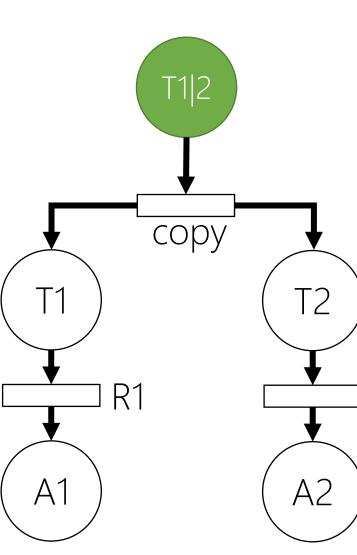
T1 = I exit home T2 = I exit home

My IoT Puzzle

SCPN





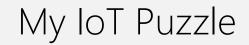


T1|2 = I exit home





R2





EUDebug

R1 IF I exit home (T1) **THEN** turn off the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A1)

IF I exit home (T2) **THEN** set the Nest to Away mode (A2)

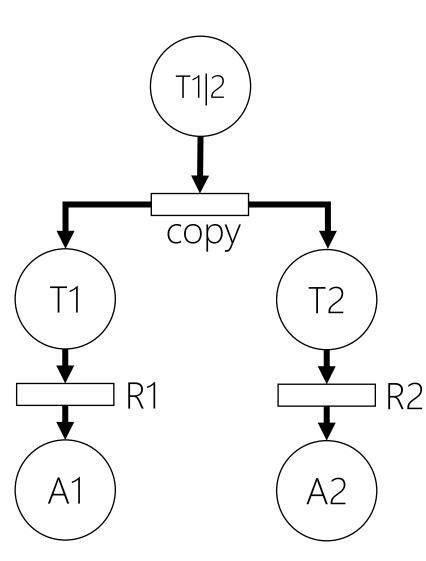
My IoT Puzzle

R3 IF the Nest is set to Away Mode (T3) **THEN** turn on the kitchen Philips Hue lamp (A3)

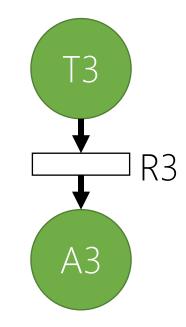
SCPN







T3 = the Nest is set to Away mode A3 = turn on the kitchen Hue lamp



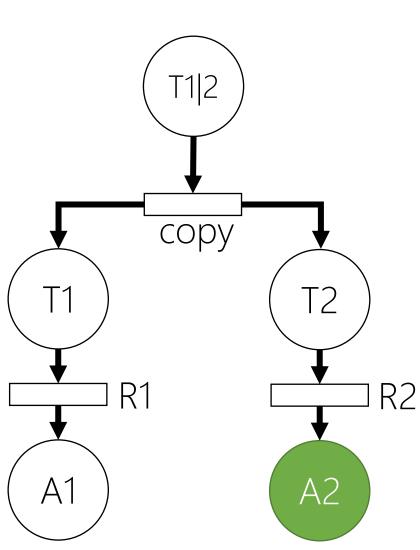
SCPN

EUDebug

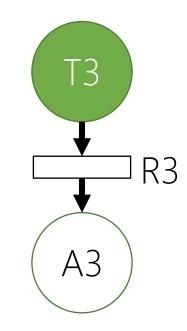
My IoT Puzzle





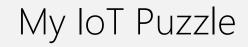


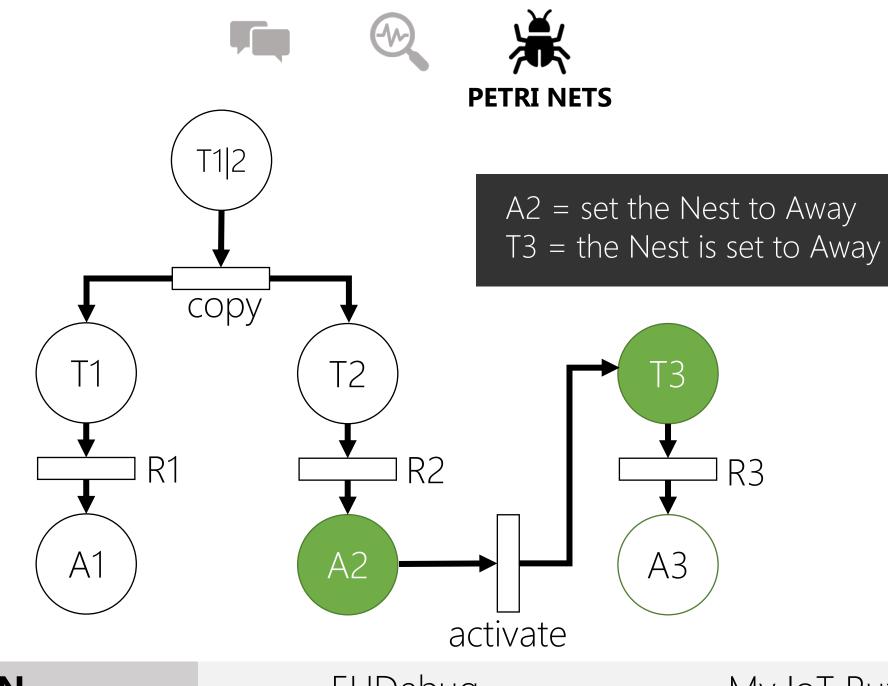
A2 = set the Nest to Away T3 = the Nest is set to Away



SCPN

EUDebug

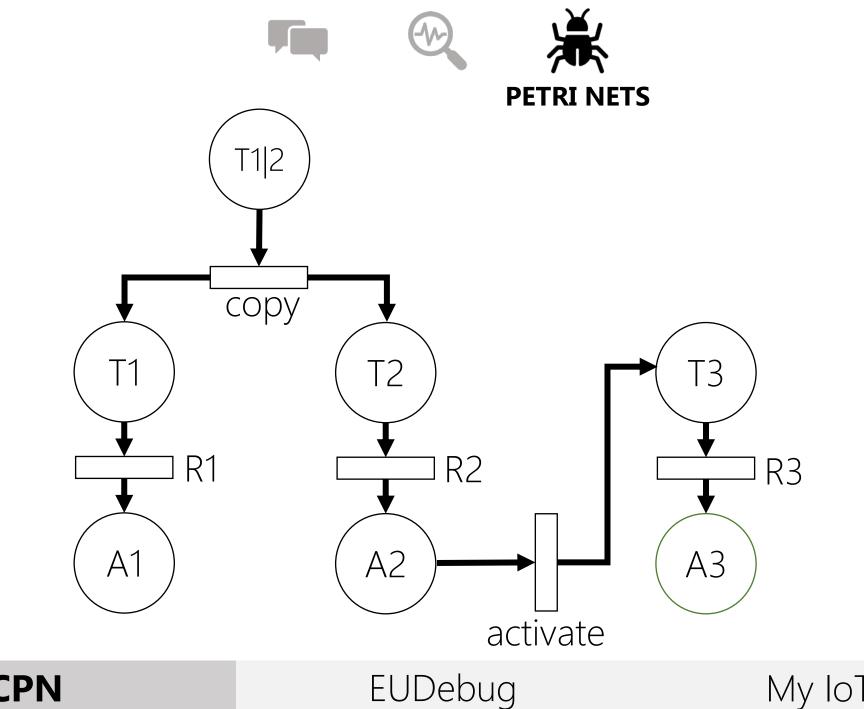




SCPN

My IoT Puzzle

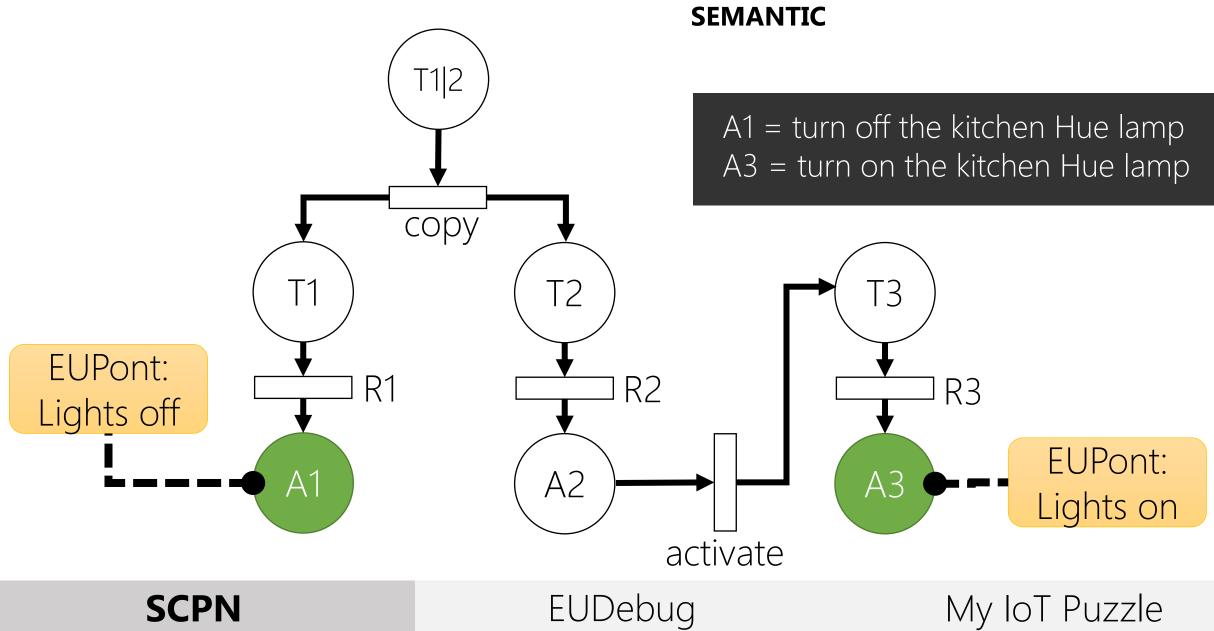
EUDebug

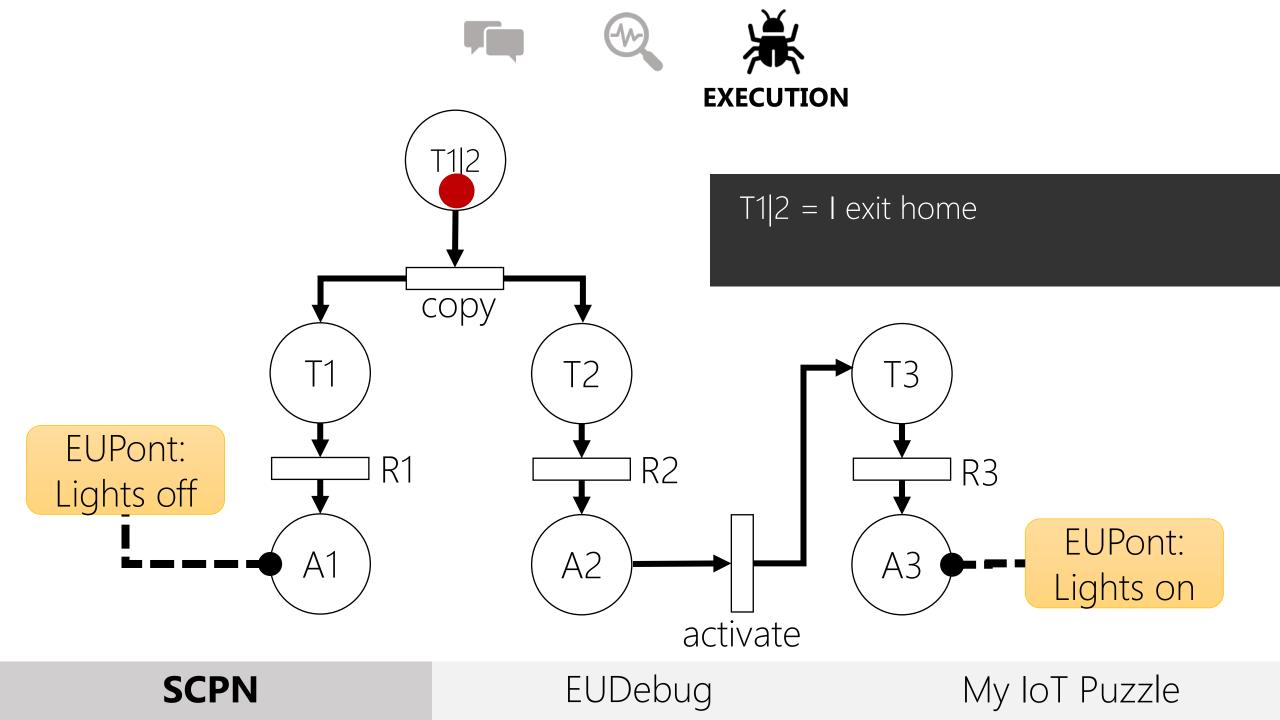


SCPN



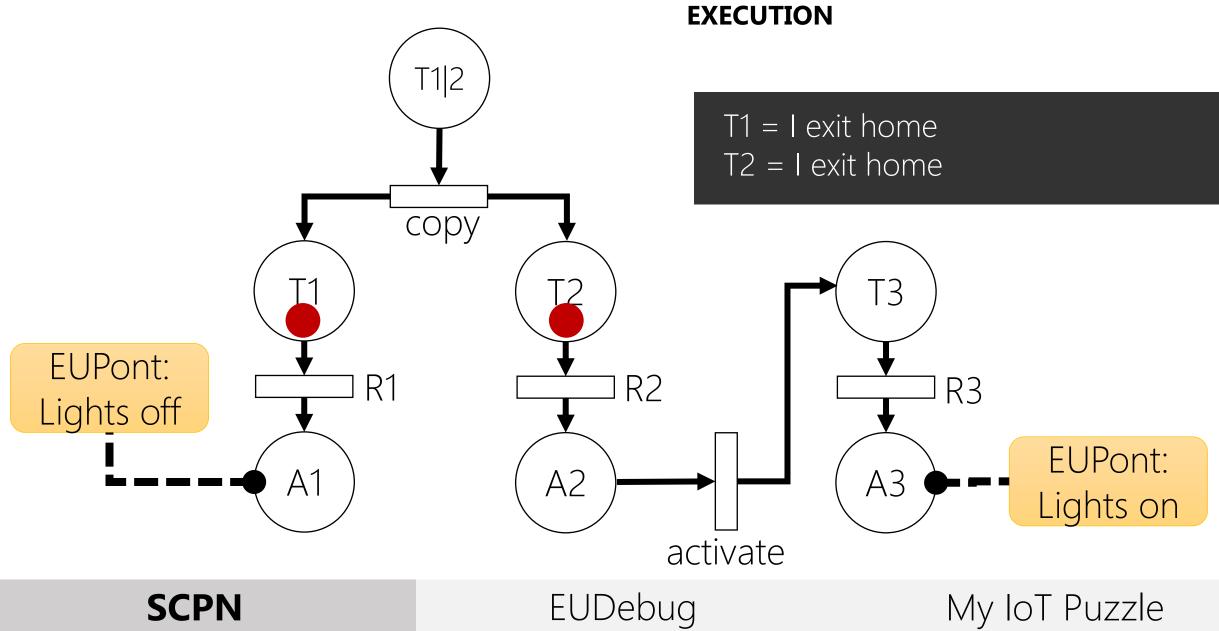






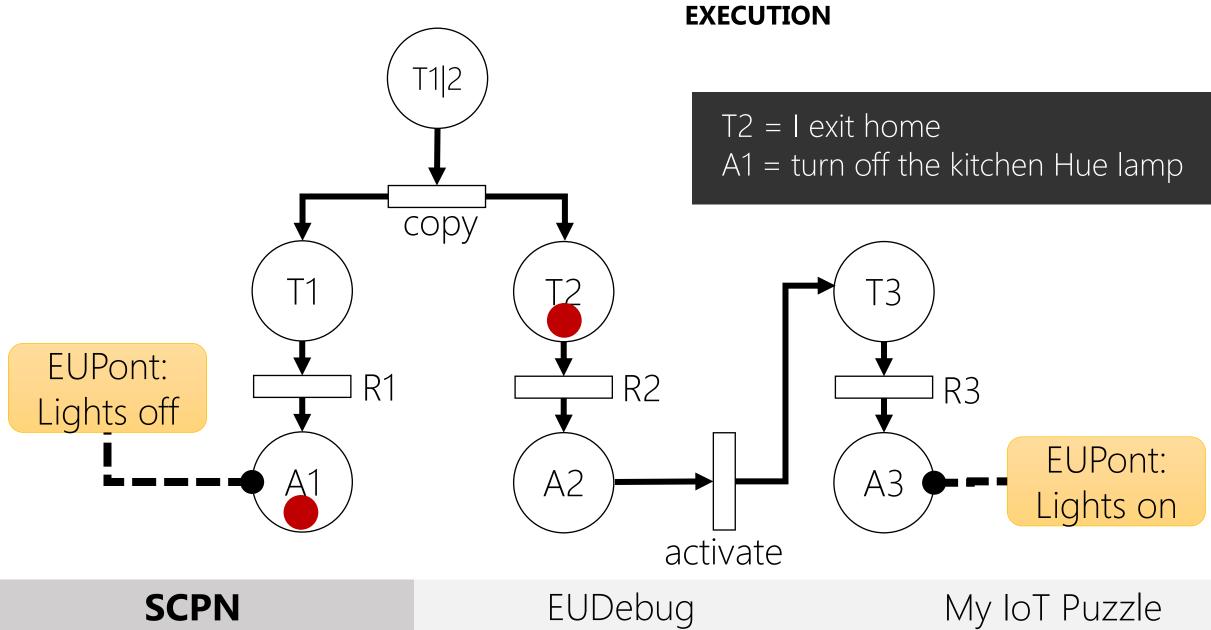






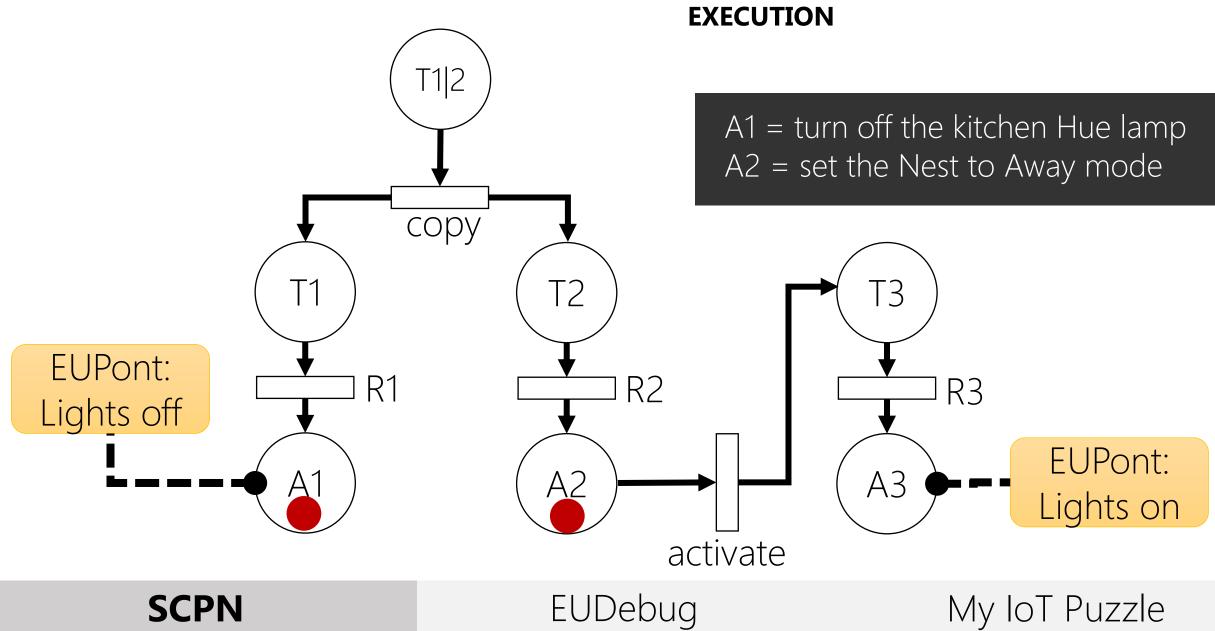


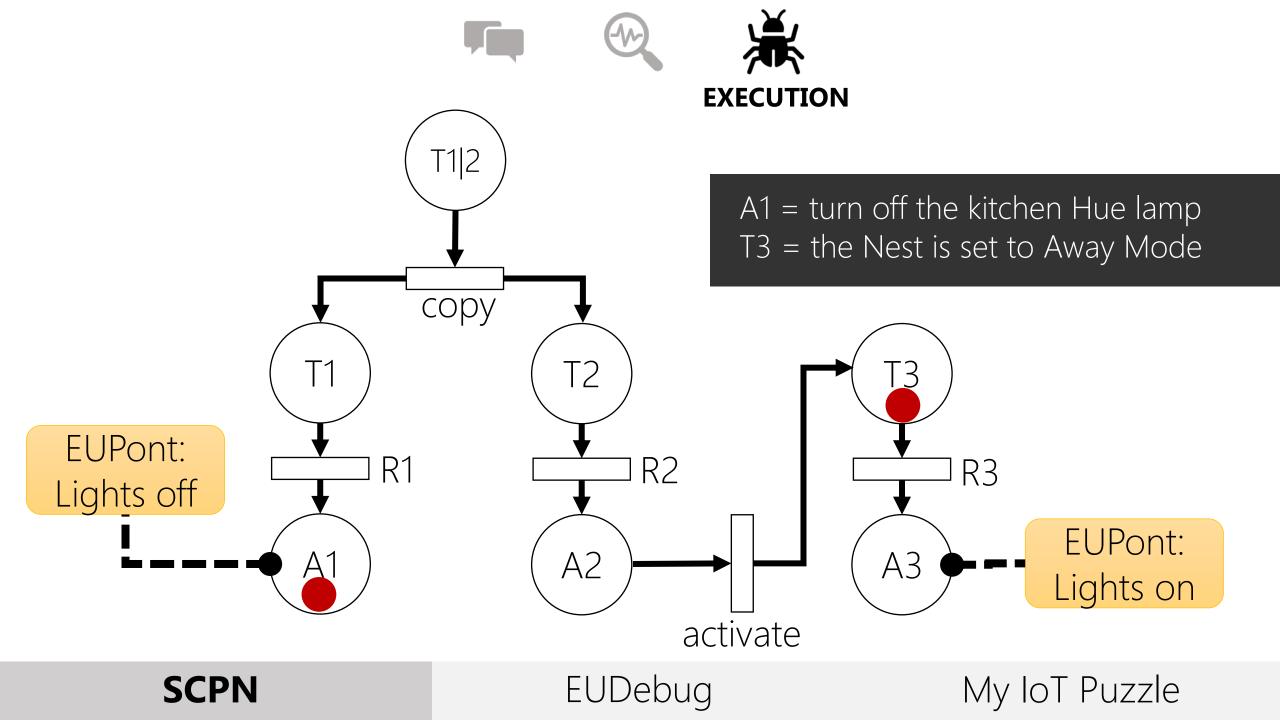






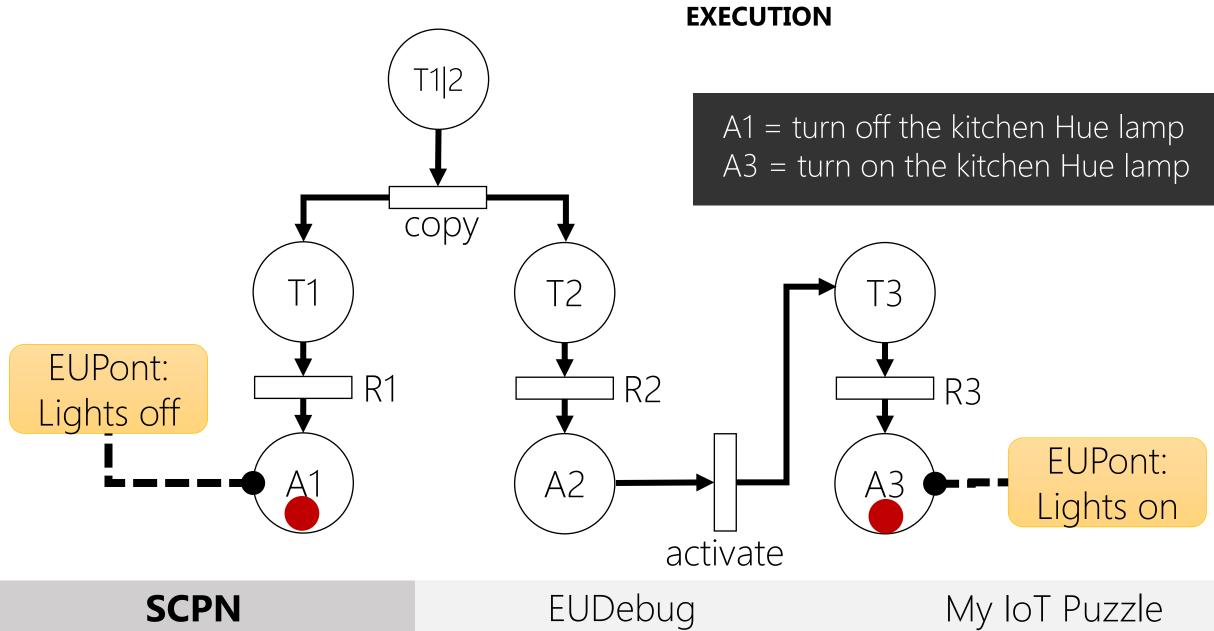






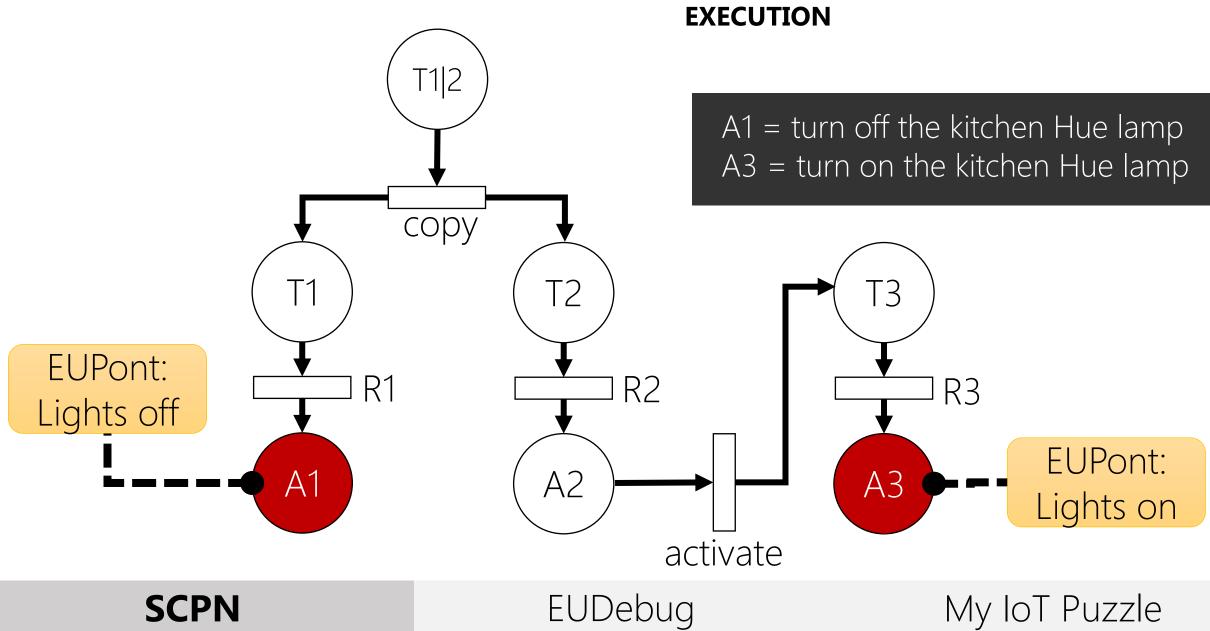


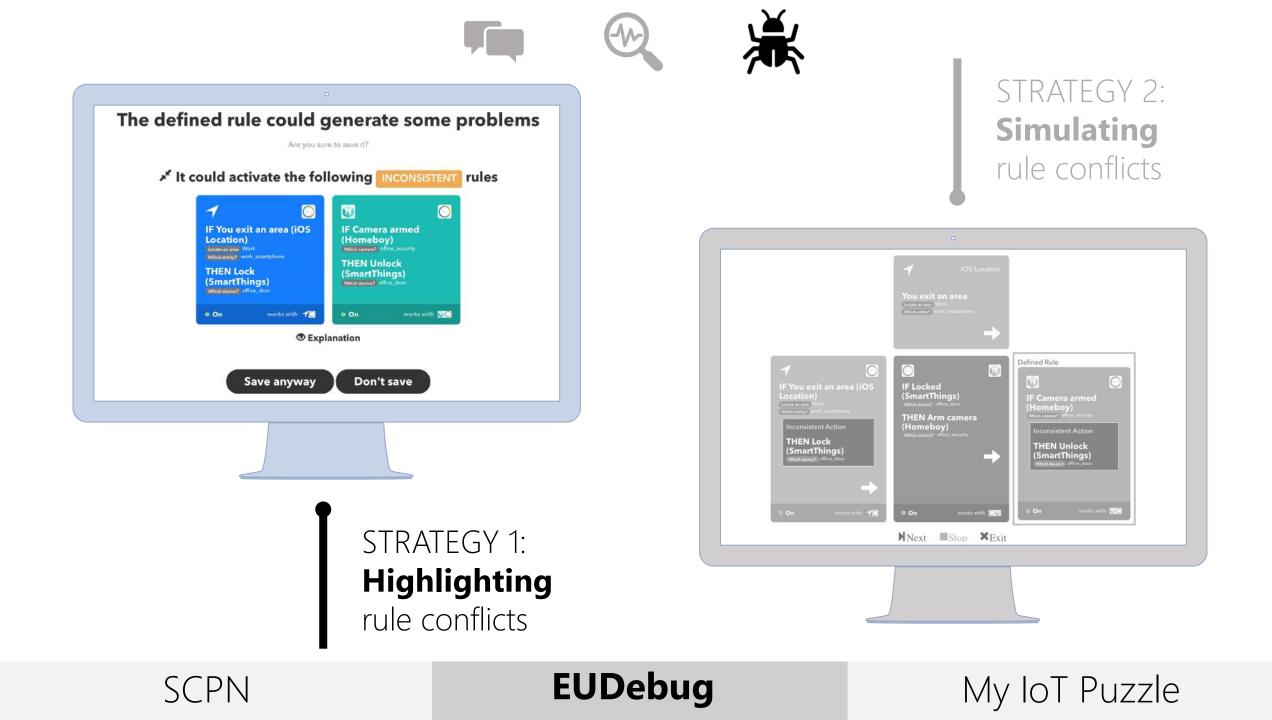


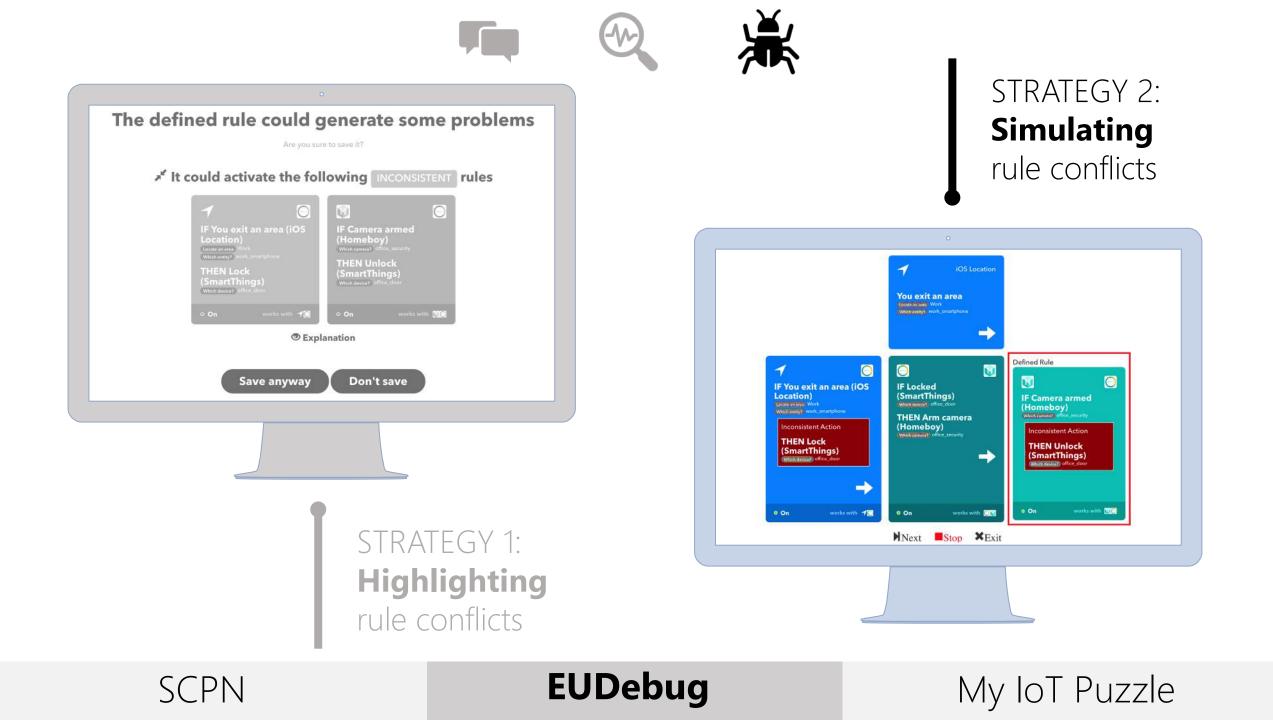




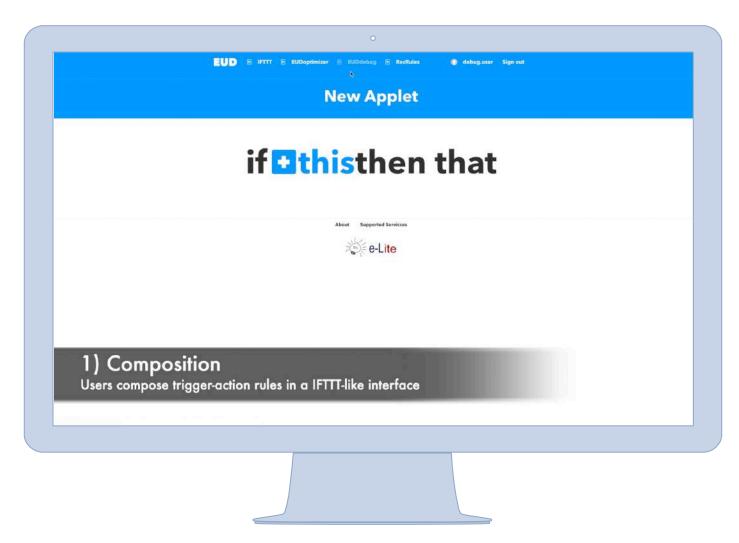




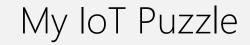








SCPN





MARCON 19 males **MARCON 6** females

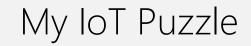
SCPN

University students 20.34 mean age No experience in computer science and programming



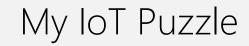
Do end users **understand** problems and why the defined rules generate them?

Is **highlighting** the detected problems sufficient? Do users need a step-by-step **simulation** of the involved rules?





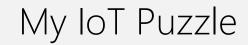






2 Inconsistencies
2 Redundancies
1 Loop
IC1 IC2
RD1 RD2
IC2 LP



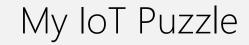




2 Inconsistencies 2 Redundancies 1 Loop 1 Loo

DIRECT PROBLEMS

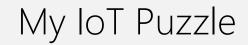
SCPN





2 Inconsistencies
2 Redundancies
1 Loop
IC1
IC2
RD1
RD2
IP
INDIRECT PROBLEMS

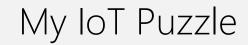
SCPN





2 Inconsistencies
2 Redundancies
1 Loop
IC1 IC2
RD1 RD2
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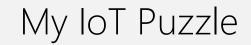


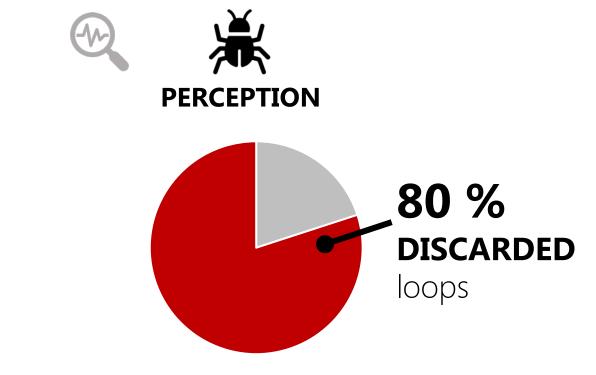


End users **perceive** problems in trigger-action rules differently: loops and inconsistencies are **dangerous**, redundancies can be even **acceptable**

EUDebug

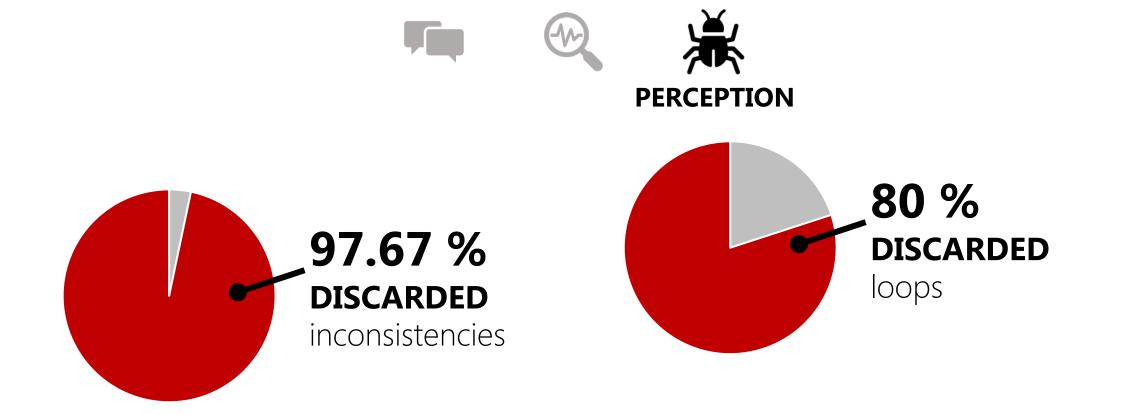
SCPN





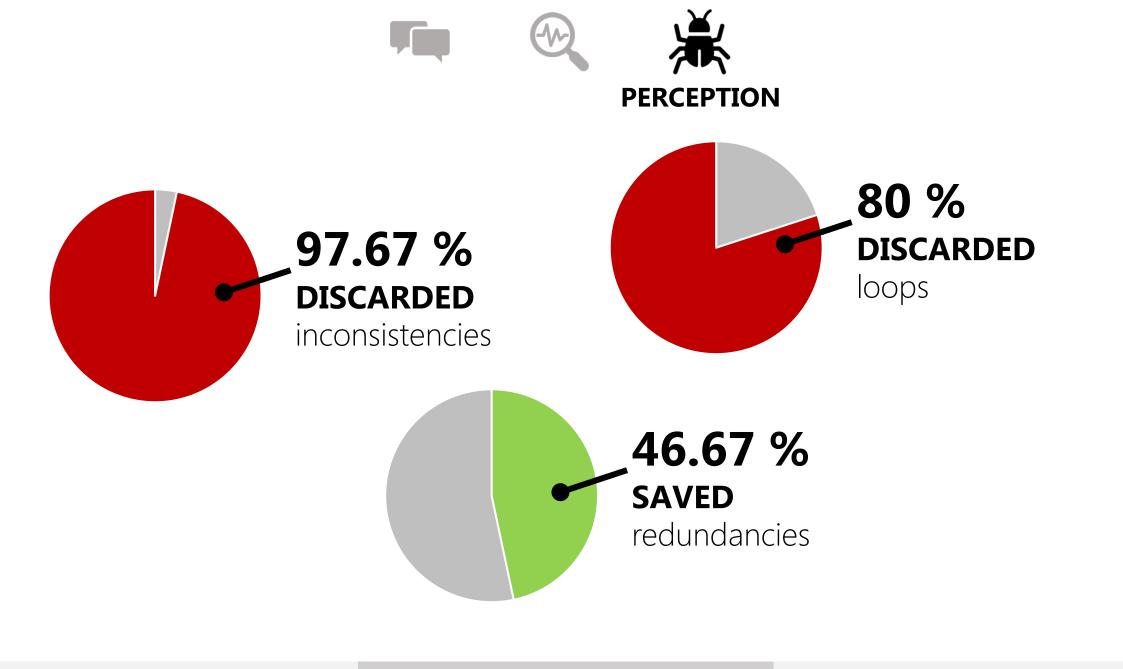
SCPN











SCPN



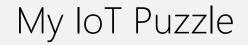


The important thing is that the lamp is turned on, I do not care its color!

RD1 - P13



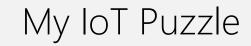
SCPN

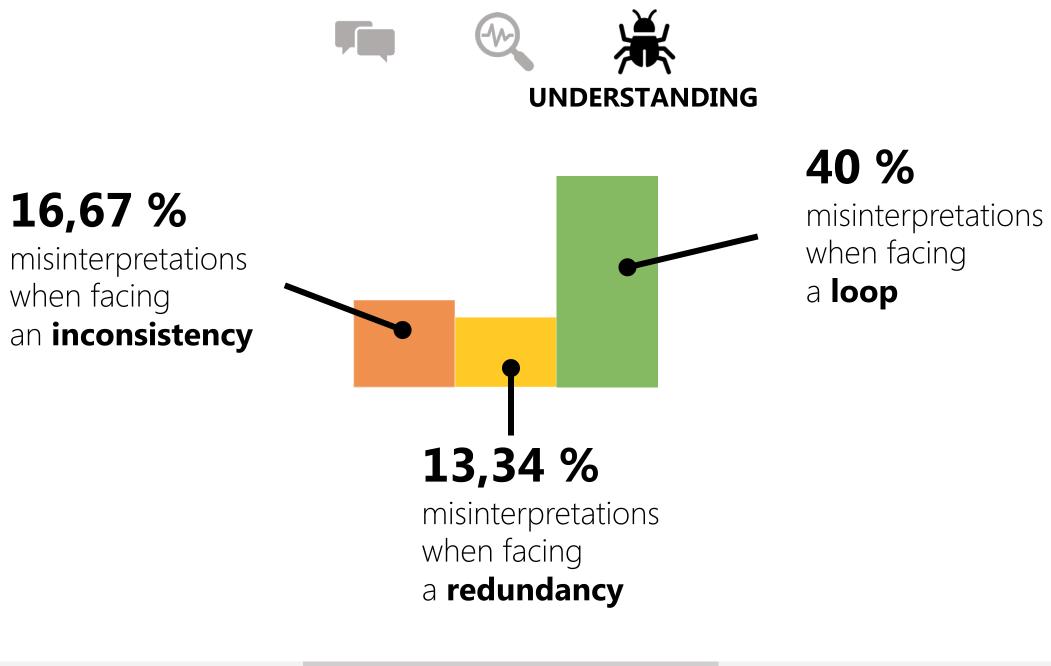






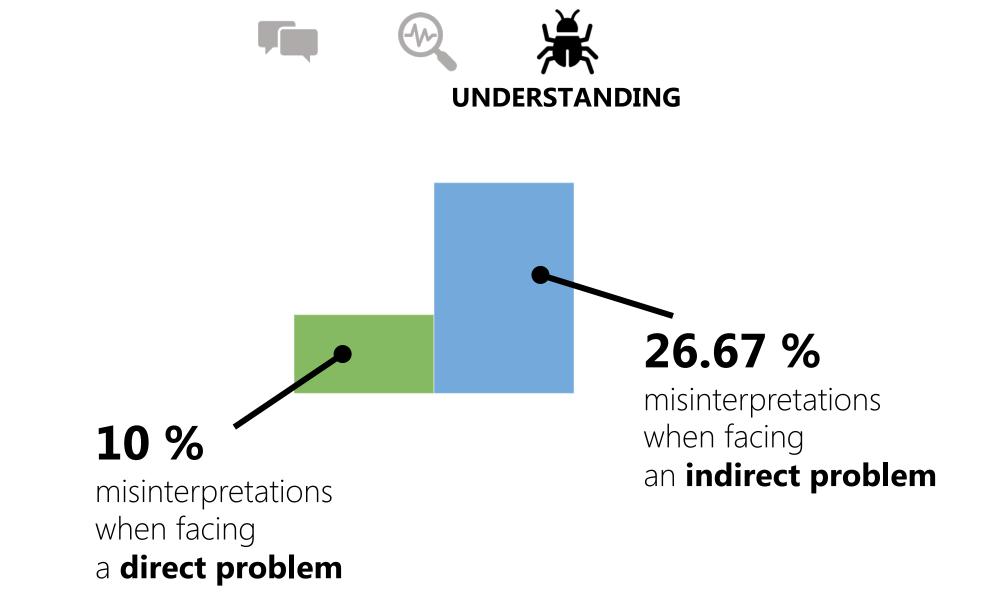
Some problems are difficult to understand: **loops** and **indirect problems** are often misinterpreted





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EUDebug



SCPN

EUDebug



I am sure that this problem will never occur with the rules I have defined! Moreover, such rules are useful, because the photo will be saved in 3 places at the same time.

LP - P13

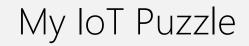
EUDebug







Highlighting the detected problem is often not sufficient: a **step-by-step simulation** of the involved rules helps users understand difficult problems





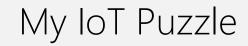
77,81 %

of correct interpretations when a problem is **highlighted**

83,78 %

correct interpretations when a problem is **simulated**





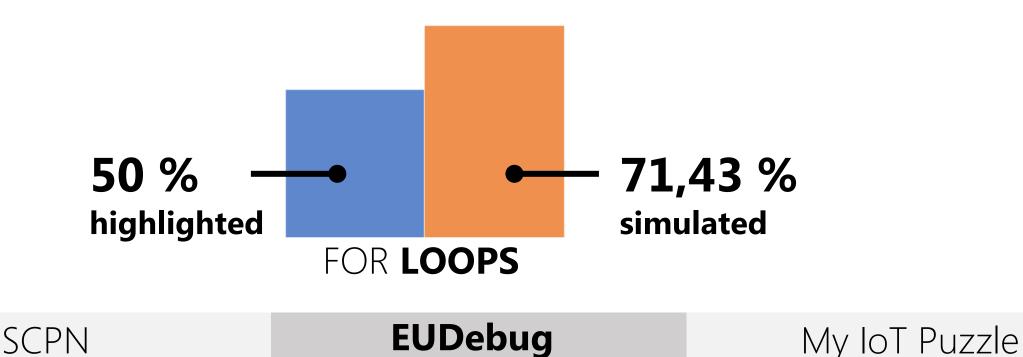


77,81 %

of correct interpretations when a problem is **highlighted**

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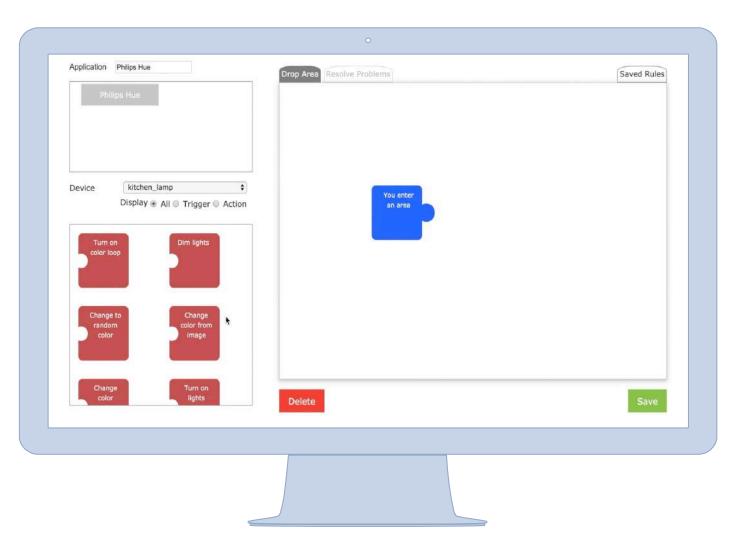
The step-by-step simulation helped me in understanding the loop because I could better see the evolution of the rules. It visually told me what happened!

LP - P6

S(PN







SCPN

EUDebug



Visual languages and adopted feedback effectively help participants **avoiding and finxing** run-time problems in IF-THEN rules





3 DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT **DEFINITION TIME**

EUDoptmizer RecRules

DISCOVERING IF-THEN RULES AND FUNCTIONALITY



MOVING TOWARDS A HIGH-LEVEL OF ABSTRACTION

1 MOVING TOWARDS A **HIGH-LEVEL** OF **ABSTRACTION**

EUPont



3 DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES AT **DEFINITION TIME**

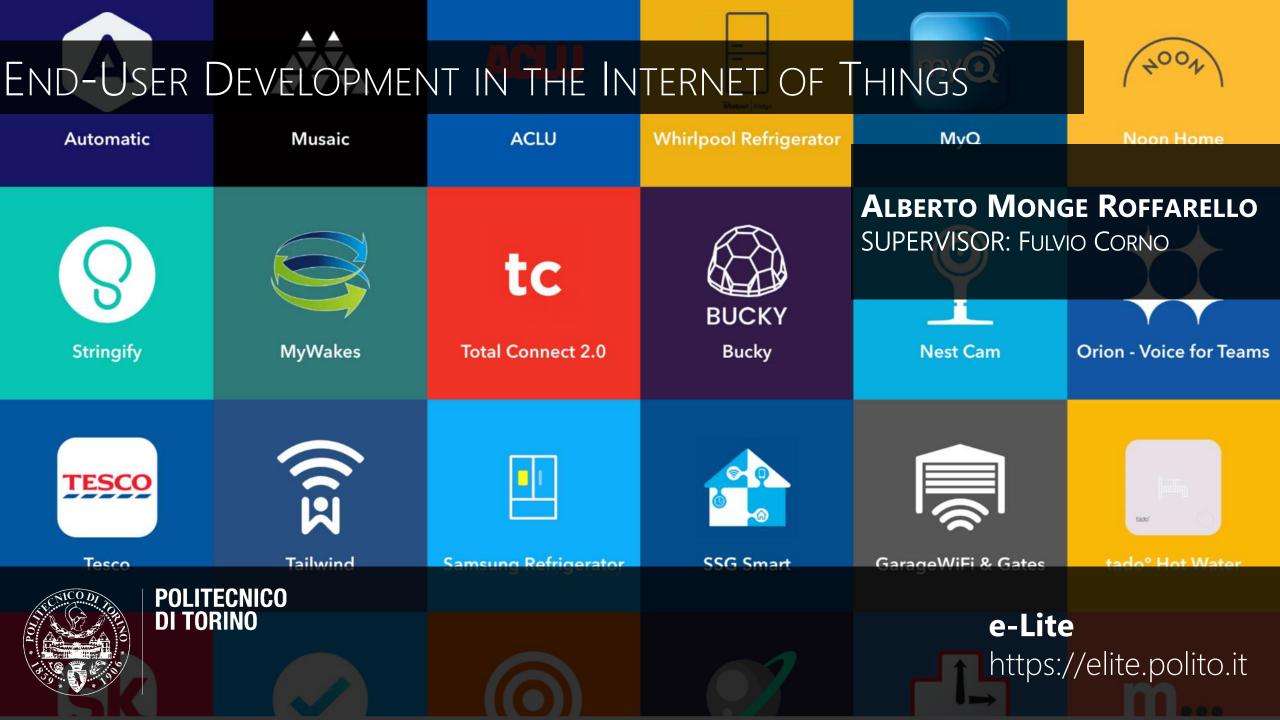
SCPN EUDebug My IoT Puzzle

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Security and Privacy In-the-wild Studies

Trigger **Conditions** and **Multiple** actions







Automatic

ACCEPTED PUBBLICATIONS - FIRST YEAR

F.CORNO, L. DE RUSSIS, A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «A HEALTHCARE SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR ASSISTED LIVING FACILITIES: AN IOT SOLUTION», 40TH IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON COMPUTERS, SOFTWARE & APPLICATIONS (COMPSAC 2016)

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «Iot for Ambient Assisted Living: Care4Me - A Healthcare Support System», Book Chapter, Internet of Things and Advanced Application in Healthcare, 2016

L. DE RUSSIS, A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «ON THE BENEFIT OF ADDING USER PREFERENCES TO NOTIFICATION DELIVERY», CHI 2017: THE 35TH ANNUAL CHI CONFERENCE ON HUMAN FACTORS IN COMPUTING SYSTEMS

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «A High-Level Approach Towards End User Development in the IoT», CHI 2017: The 35th Annual CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «A Semantic Web Approach to Simplifying Trigger-Action Programming in the IoT», IEEE Computer, 2017

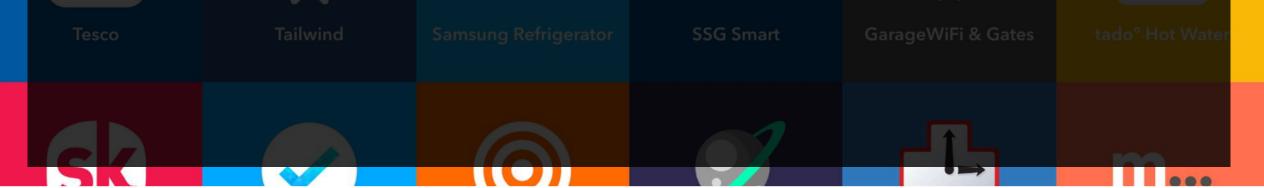


F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «Iot for Ambient Assisted Living: Care4Me - A Healthcare Support System», Book Chapter, Wearable Technologies: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and Applications, 2018 (reprint)

L. DE RUSSIS, A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «A DEBUGGING APPROACH FOR TRIGGER-ACTION PROGRAMMING», CHI 2018: THE 36TH ANNUAL CHI CONFERENCE ON HUMAN FACTORS IN COMPUTING SYSTEMS

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «AwareNotifications: Multi-Device Semantic Notification Handling with User-Defined Preferences», Journal of Ambient Intelligence and Smart Environments, 2018

A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «END USER DEVELOPMENT IN THE IOT: A SEMANTIC APPROACH», IE 2018: THE 14TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON INTELLIGENT ENVIRONMENTS



ACCEPTED PUBBLICATIONS - THIRD YEAR

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «A High-Level Semantic Approach to End-User Development in the Internet of Things», International Journal of Human-Computer Studies, 2019

F.CORNO, L. DE RUSSIS, A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «EUDOPTIMIZER: ASSISTING END USERS IN COMPOSING IF-THEN RULES THROUGH OPTIMIZATION», IEEE ACCESS, 2019

F.CORNO, L. DE RUSSIS, A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, «MY IOT PUZZLE: DEBUGGING IF-THEN RULES THROUGH THE JIGSAW METAPHOR», IS-EUD: THE 7TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON END-USER DEVELOPMENT

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «Empowering End Users in Debugging Trigger-Action Rules», CHI 2019: The 37th Annual CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems

A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, L. DE RUSSIS, «THE RACE TOWARDS DIGITAL WELLBEING: ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES», CHI 2019: THE 37TH ANNUAL CHI CONFERENCE ON HUMAN FACTORS IN COMPUTING SYSTEMS

F.Corno, L. De Russis, A. Monge Roffarello, «RecRules: Recommending IF-THEN Rules for End-User Development», TIST ACM Transaction on Intelligent System and Technology

A. MONGE ROFFARELLO, L. DE RUSSIS, «TOWARDS DETECTING AND MITIGATING SMARTPHONE HABITS », UBICOMP 2019: THE 2019 ACM INTERNATIONAL JOINT CONFERENCE ON PERVASIVE AND UBIQUITOUS COMPUTING