

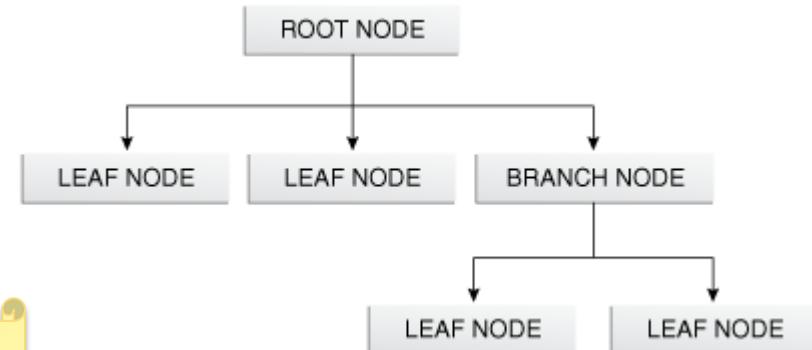


JavaFX – a Crash Course

Tecniche di Programmazione – A.A. 2015/2016

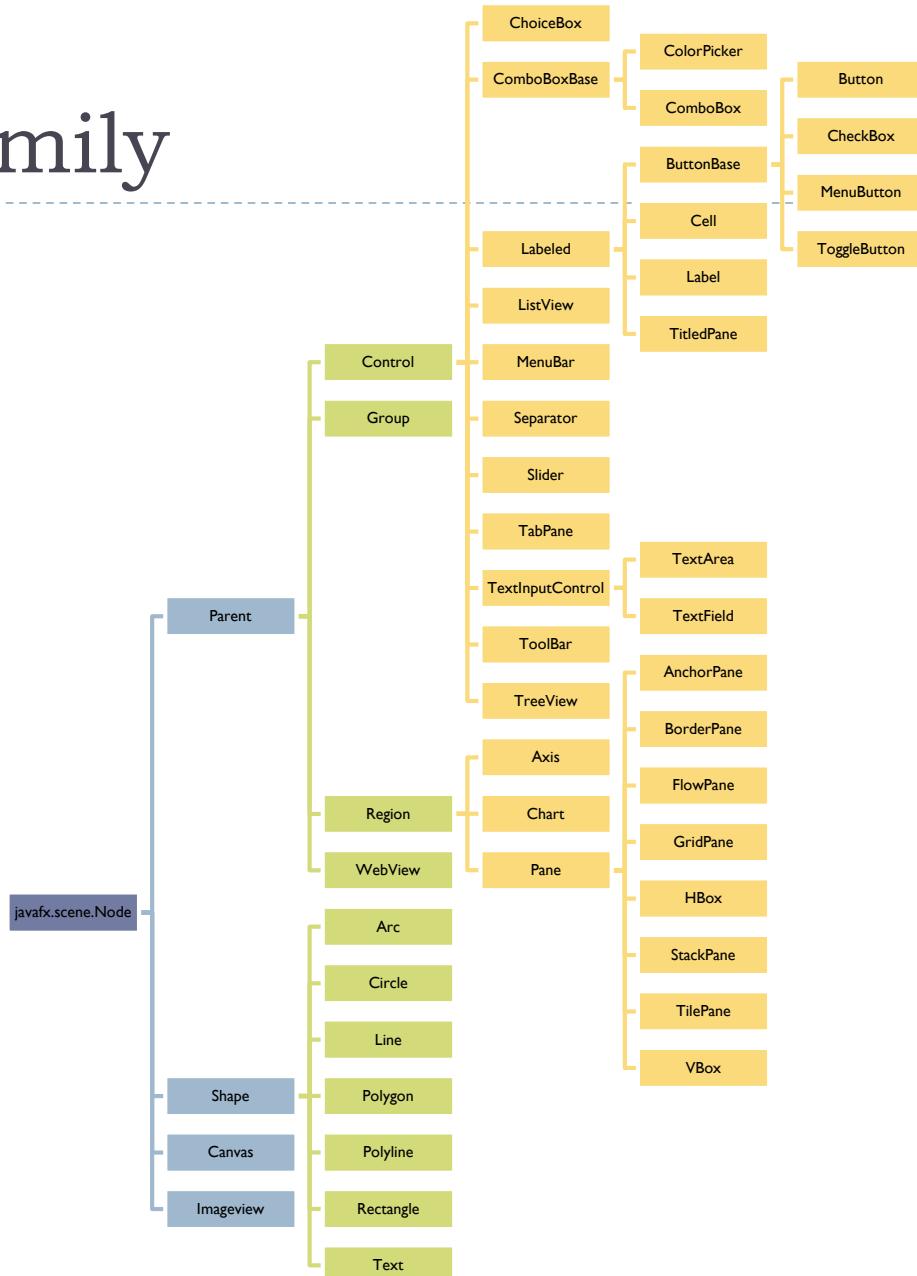
Key concepts in JavaFX

- ▶ **Stage:** where the application will be displayed (e.g., a Windows' window)
- ▶ **Scene:** one container of Nodes that compose one “page” of your application
- ▶ **Node:** an element in the Scene, with a visual appearance and an interactive behavior. Nodes may be hierarchically nested



My best friend is the JavaFX JavaDoc API
<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/javafx/api/>

Nodes family



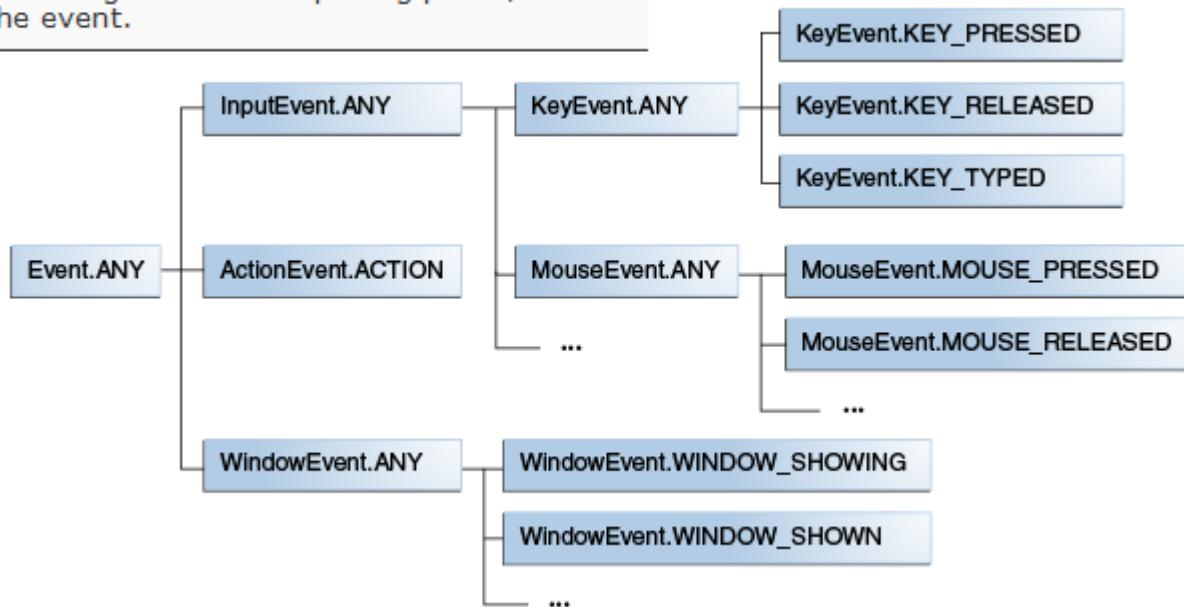
Focus on
Panes
and
Controls

Key concepts in JavaFX

- ▶ **Property:** attributes of the Nodes, may specify content, size, color, ... Can be read and written by the application
- ▶ **Event:** every user action on one element of the GUI generates a different event. Events can be captured and *handled* by our code
- ▶ **Controller:** the Java class that contains
 - ▶ References to interesting Nodes
 - ▶ Event Handlers

What is an event?

Property	Description
Event type	Type of event that occurred.
Source	Origin of the event, with respect to the location of the event in the event dispatch chain. The source changes as the event is passed along the chain.
Target	Node on which the action occurred and the end node in the event dispatch chain. The target does not change, however if an event filter consumes the event during the event capturing phase, the target will not receive the event.



Empty JavaFX window

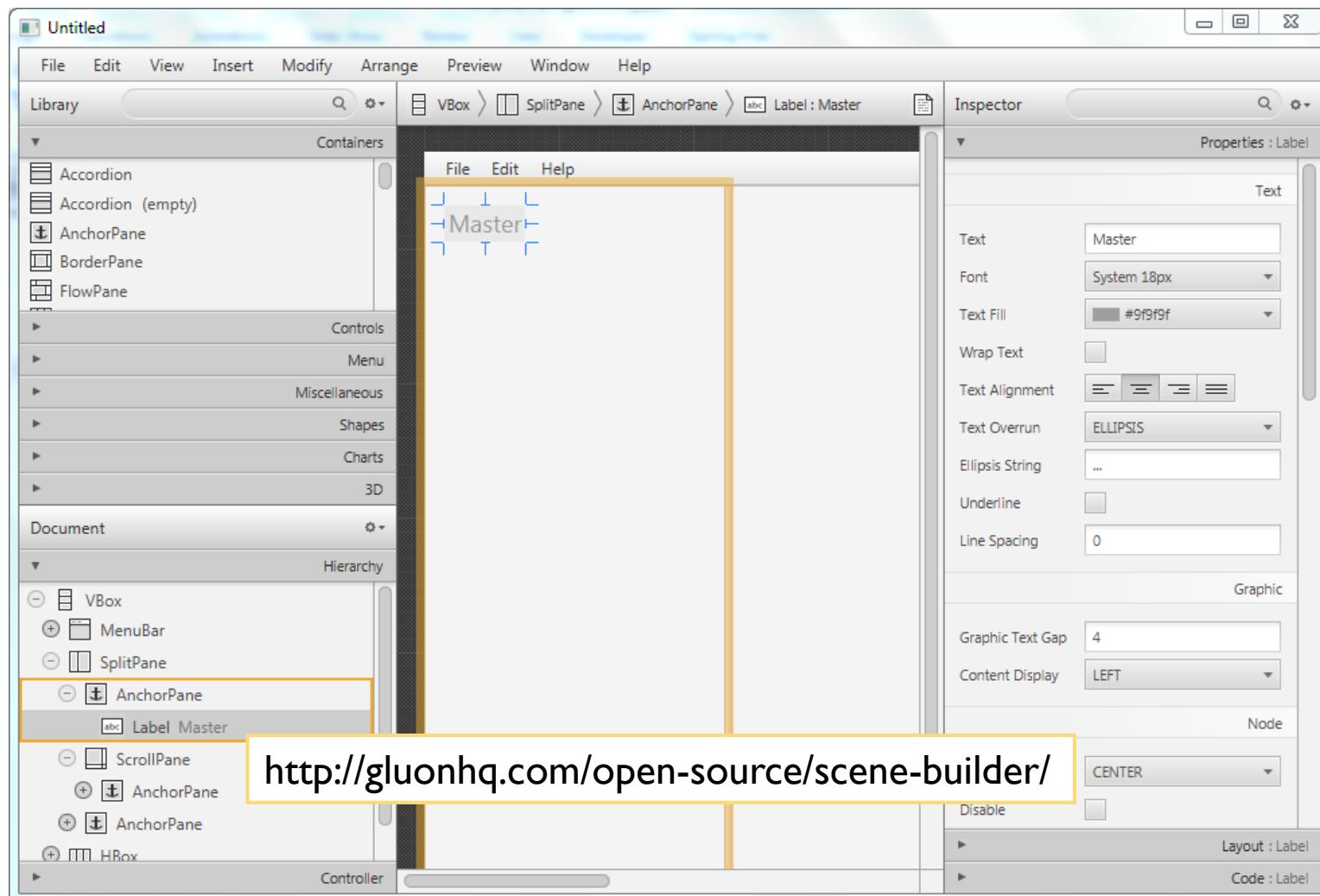
```
public class Main extends Application {  
  
    @Override  
    public void start(Stage stage) {  
        Group root = new Group(); // the root is Group or Pane  
        Scene scene = new Scene(root, 500, 500, Color.BLACK);  
        stage.setTitle("JavaFX Demo");  
        stage.setScene(scene);  
        stage.show();  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        launch(args);  
    }  
}
```

General rules

- ▶ A JavaFX application extends `javafx.application.Application`
- ▶ The `main()` method should call `Application.launch()`
- ▶ The `start()` method is the main entry point for all JavaFX applications
 - ▶ Called with a Stage connected to the Operating System's window
- ▶ The content of the scene is represented as a hierarchical scene graph of nodes
 - ▶ Stage is the top-level JavaFX container
 - ▶ Scene is the container for all content



JavaFX Scene Builder 8.1



Building a scene from FXML

```
public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {  
    Parent root = FXMLLoader.load(  
        getClass().getResource("circle.fxml"));  
  
    stage.setTitle("Circle Demo");  
    stage.setScene(new Scene(root, 500, 150));  
    stage.show();  
}
```

Nodes

- ▶ The Scene is populated with a tree of Nodes
 - ▶ Layout components
 - ▶ UI Controls
 - ▶ Charts
 - ▶ Shapes
- ▶ Nodes have Properties
 - ▶ Visual (size, position, z-order, color, ...)
 - ▶ Contents (text, value, data sets, ...)
 - ▶ Programming (event handlers, controller)
- ▶ Nodes generate Events
 - ▶ UI events
- ▶ Nodes can be styled with CSS

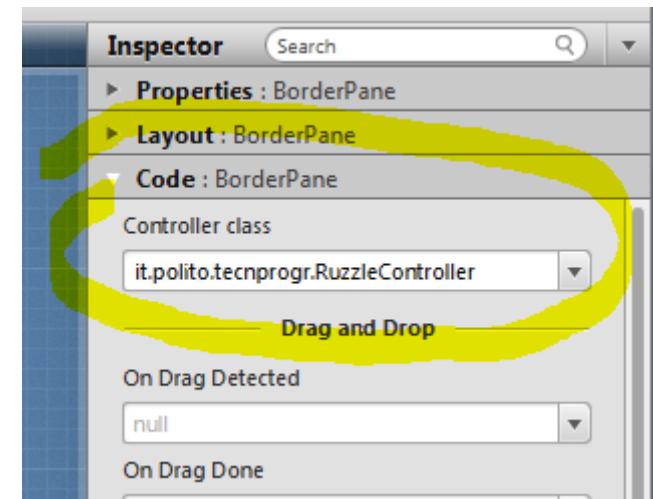
Properties

- ▶ Extension of the Java Beans convention
 - ▶ May be used also outside JavaFX
- ▶ Encapsulate properties of an object
 - ▶ Different types (string, number, object, collection, ...)
 - ▶ Set/Get
 - ▶ Observe changes
 - ▶ Supports lazy evaluation
- ▶ Each Node has a large set of Properties

Properties	
Type	Property and Description
BooleanProperty	cancelButton A Cancel Button is the button that receives a keyboard VK_ESC press, if no other node in the scene can receive it.
BooleanProperty	defaultButton A default Button is the button that receives a keyboard VK_ENTER press, if no other node in the scene can receive it.
Properties inherited from class javafx.scene.control.ButtonBase	
armed, onAction	
Properties inherited from class javafx.scene.control.Labeled	
alignment, contentDisplay, ellipsisString, font, graphic, graphicTextGap, labelPadding, mnemonicParsing, textFill, textOverrun, text, underline, wrapText	
Properties inherited from class javafx.scene.control.Control	
contextMenu, height, maxHeight, maxWidth, minHeight, minWidth, prefHeight, prefWidth, skinClassName, skin, t	
Properties inherited from class javafx.scene.Parent	
needsLayout	
Properties inherited from class javafx.scene.Node	
blendMode, boundsInLocal, boundsInParent, cacheHint, cache, clip, cursor, depthTest, disabled, disable, effe eventDispatcher, focused, focusTraversable, hover, id, inputMethodRequests, layoutBounds, layoutX, layoutY, localToParentTransform, localToSceneTransform, managed, mouseTransparent, onContextMenuRequested, onDragDe onDragDone, onDragDropped, onDragEntered, onDragExited, onDragOver, onInputMethodTextChanged, onKeyPressed, onKeyTyped, onMouseClicked, onMouseDragEntered, onMouseDragExited, onMouseDragged, onMouseDragOver, onMouseD onMouseEntered, onMouseExited, onMouseMoved, onMousePressed, onMouseReleased, onRotate, onRotationFinished, onRotationStarted, onScrollFinished, onScroll, onScrollStarted, onSwipeDown, onSwipeLeft, onSwipeRight, onSw onTouchMoved, onTouchPressed, onTouchReleased, onTouchStationary, onZoomFinished, onZoom, onZoomStarted, o pickOnBounds, pressed, rotate, rotationAxis, scaleX, scaleY, scaleZ, scene, style, translateX, translateY, visible	

Defining a Controller class

- ▶ The Root element of the scene graph may specify a **fx:controller** attribute
 - ▶ <BorderPane id="BorderPane" xmlns:fx="http://javafx.com/fxml" fx:controller="it.polito.tecnprogr.RuzzleController">



Injection of Node references

- ▶ The controller code may directly access various Nodes in the associated scene graph
- ▶ The attribute `@FXML` associates a `Node` variable with the corresponding node, with the same `fx:id` value as the variable name
- ▶ Try: `View | Show Sample Controller Skeleton` on the Scene Builder!

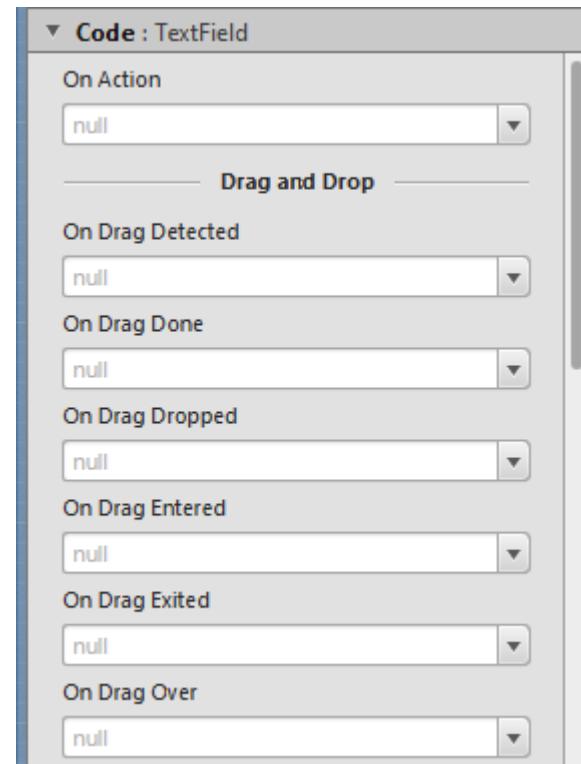
```
@FXML // fx:id="theTitle"  
private Label theTitle;
```

Events

- ▶ FX Event (`javafx.event.Event`):
 - ▶ Event Source => a Node
 - ▶ Event Target
 - ▶ Event Type
- ▶ Usually generated after some user action
- ▶ `ActionEvent`, `TreeModificationEvent`, `InputEvent`, `ListView.EditEvent`, `MediaErrorEvent`, `TableColumn.CellEditEvent`, `TreeItem.TreeModificationEvent`, `TreeView>EditEvent`, `WebEvent`, `WindowEvent`, `WorkerStateEvent`
- ▶ You can define **event handlers** in your application

Registration of Event Handlers

- ▶ In FXML, you may set a event handler through attributes
 - ▶ `onAction`, `onKeyTyped`, `onMouseClicked`, ... hundreds more ...
- ▶ The value should be the `#name` of a method in the controller class
 - ▶ With the right signature for the event type



```
<Button fx:id="cercaBtn"  
onAction="#doCercaParola"  
text="Cerca" />
```

```
@FXML  
void doCercaParola (  
ActionEvent event ) {
```

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